

TITLE: METALLOCENE COMPOSITIONS

**Inventors: T. J. Burkhardt, U. M. Stehling, J. R. Hart, W. T. Haygood,
R. T. Li, J. C. Vizzini, M. C. Kuchta**

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FIELD

This invention relates to metallocene compositions and their use in the preparation of catalyst systems for olefin polymerization, particularly propylene polymerization.

BACKGROUND

The use of metallocene compositions in olefin polymerization is well known. Metallocenes containing substituted, bridged indenyl derivatives are noted for their ability to produce isotactic propylene polymers having high isotacticity and narrow molecular weight distribution. Considerable effort has been made toward obtaining metallocene produced propylene polymers having ever-higher molecular weight and melting point, while maintaining suitable catalyst activity.

Toward this end researchers have found that there is a direct relationship between the way in which a metallocene is substituted, and the molecular structure of the resulting polymer. For the substituted, bridged indenyl type metallocenes, it is now well established that the type and arrangement of substituents on the indenyl groups, as well as the type of bridge connecting the indenyl groups, determines such polymer attributes as molecular weight and melting point. Unfortunately, it is impossible at this time to accurately correlate specific substitution patterns with specific polymer attributes, though trends may be identified.

For example, U. S. Patent No. 5,840,644 describes certain metallocenes containing aryl-substituted indenyl derivatives as ligands, which are said to provide propylene polymers having high isotacticity, narrow molecular weight distribution and very high molecular weight.

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Likewise, U. S. Patent No. 5,936,053 describes certain metallocene compounds said to be useful for producing high molecular weight propylene polymers. These metallocenes have a specific hydrocarbon substituent at the 2 position and an unsubstituted aryl substituent at the 4 position, on each indenyl group of the metallocene compound.

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WO 98/40419 and WO 99/42497 both describe certain supported catalyst systems for producing propylene polymers having high melting point. Metallocene compositions and their activators are often combined with a support material in order to obtain a catalyst system that is less likely to cause reactor fouling. However, it is known that supported metallocene catalyst systems tend to result in a polymer having lower melting point than would otherwise be obtained if the metallocene were not supported.

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Much of the current research in this area has been directed toward using metallocene catalyst systems under commercially relevant process conditions, to obtain propylene polymers having melting points higher than known metallocene catalyst systems and close to, or as high as, propylene polymers obtained using conventional, Ziegler-Natta catalyst systems, i.e., 160°C or higher. The present inventors have discovered metallocene compounds that not only have this capability, but retain it upon supportation.

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SUMMARY

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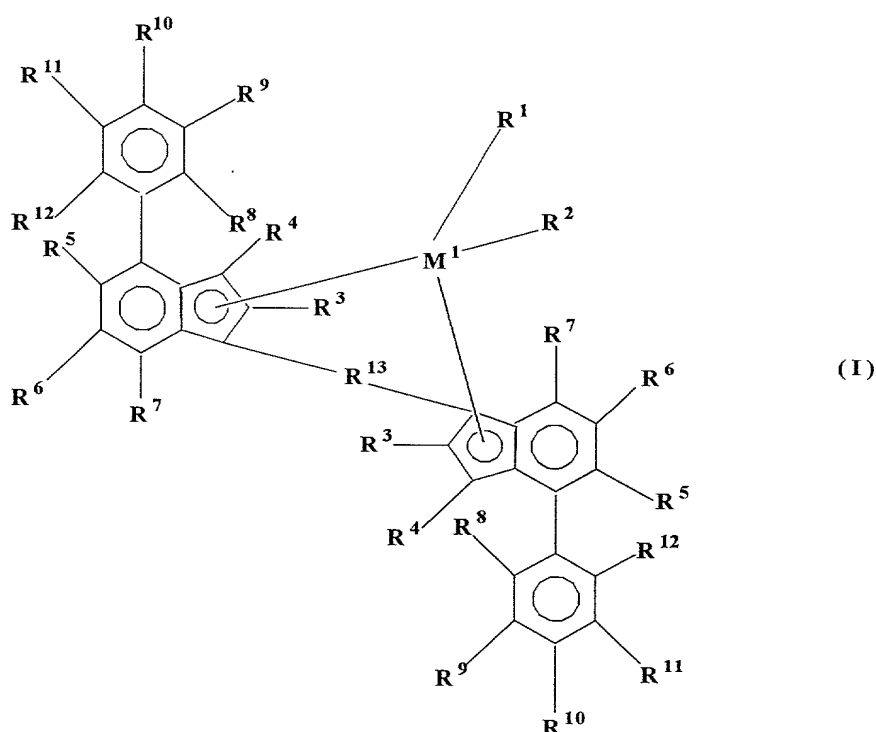
The present invention relates to novel metallocene compositions capable of providing propylene polymers having high melting point and molecular weight. The present invention further relates to metallocene catalyst systems comprising

one or more of these compositions and one or more activators or cocatalysts, and optionally, support material, and to the use of such metallocene catalyst systems in olefin polymerization, particularly propylene polymer polymerization.

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DESCRIPTION

The metallocenes of the present invention are represented by the formula:



10 wherein: M^1 is selected from the group consisting of titanium, zirconium, hafnium, vanadium, niobium, tantalum, chromium, molybdenum and tungsten, preferably zirconium, hafnium or titanium, most preferably zirconium;

15 R^1 and R^2 are identical or different, and are one of a hydrogen atom, a C_1 - C_{10} alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} alkoxy group, a C_6 - C_{10} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{10} aryloxy group, a C_2 - C_{10} alkenyl group, a C_2 - C_{40} alkenyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} arylalkyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} alkylaryl group, a C_8 - C_{40} arylalkenyl group, an OH group or a halogen atom; R^1 and R^2 may also be joined together to form an alkanediyl group

or a conjugated C₄₋₄₀ diene ligand which is coordinated to M¹ in a metallocyclopentene fashion; R¹ and R² may also be identical or different conjugated dienes, optionally substituted with one or more hydrocarbyl, tri(hydrocarbyl)silyl groups or hydrocarbyl, tri(hydrocarbyl)silylhydrocarbyl groups, said dienes having up to 30 atoms not counting hydrogen and forming a π complex with M, examples include 1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene, 1,3-pentadiene, 2-methyl-1,3-pentadiene, 2,4-hexadiene, 1-phenyl-1,3-pentadiene, 1,4-dibenzyl-1,3-butadiene, 1,4-ditolyl-1,3-butadiene, 1,4-bis(trimethylsilyl)-1,3-butadiene, and 1,4-dinaphthyl-1,3-butadiene;

preferably R¹ and R² are identical and are a C₁-C₃ alkyl or alkoxy group, a C₆-C₈ aryl or aryloxy group, a C₂-C₄ alkenyl group, a C₇-C₁₀ arylalkyl group, a C₇-C₁₂ alkylaryl group, or a halogen atom, preferably chlorine;

R³ are identical or different and are each a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C₁-C₁₀ alkyl group which may be halogenated, a C₆-C₁₀ aryl group which may be halogenated, a C₂-C₁₀ alkenyl group, a C₇-C₄₀ -arylalkyl group, a C₇-C₄₀ alkylaryl group, a C₈-C₄₀ arylalkenyl group, a -NR'₂, -SR', -OR', -OSiR'₃ or -PR'₂ radical, wherein R' is one of a halogen atom, a C₁-C₁₀ alkyl group, or a C₆-C₁₀ aryl group; preferably R³ is not a hydrogen atom;

preferably each R³ is identical and is a fluorine, chlorine or bromine, atom, a C₁-C₄ alkyl group which may be halogenated, a C₆-C₈ aryl group which may be halogenated, a -NR'₂, -SR', -OR', -OSiR'₃ or -PR'₂ radical, wherein R' is one of a chlorine atom, a C₁-C₄ alkyl group, or a C₆-C₈ aryl group;

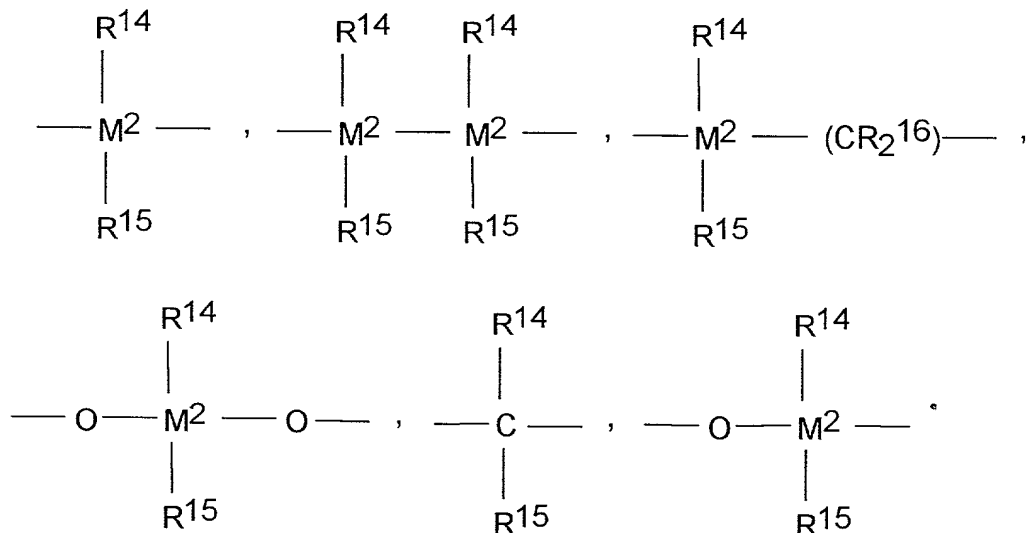
more preferably, R³ are identical and are each a C₃ alkyl group, most preferably isopropyl groups;

alternatively, R³ is a C₁ or C₂ alkyl group;

R⁴ to R⁷ are identical or different and are hydrogen, or are as defined for R³ or two or more adjacent radicals R⁵ to R⁷ together with the atoms connecting

them form one or more rings, preferably a 6-membered ring, preferably 4-8 membered ring;

R¹³ is



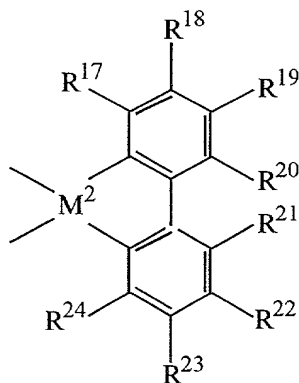
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-B(R¹⁴)-, -Al(R¹⁴)-, -Ge-, -Sn-, -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO₂-, -N(R¹⁴)-, -CO-, -P(R¹⁴)-, or -P(O)(R¹⁴)-;

wherein: R¹⁴, R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are identical or different and are a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C₁-C₂₀ branched or linear alkyl group, a C₁-C₂₀ fluoroalkyl or silaalkyl group, a C₆-C₃₀ aryl group, a C₆-C₃₀ fluoroaryl group, a C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy group, a C₂-C₂₀ alkenyl group, a C₇-C₄₀ arylalkyl group, a C₈-C₄₀ arylalkenyl group, a C₇-C₄₀ alkylaryl group, or R¹⁴ and R¹⁵, together with the atoms binding them, form a cyclic ring;

preferably, R¹⁴, R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are identical and are a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C₁-C₄ alkyl group, a CF₃ group, a C₆-C₈ aryl group, a C₆-C₁₀ fluoroaryl group, more preferably a pentafluorophenyl group, a C₁-C₄ alkoxy group, in particular a methoxy group, a C₂-C₄ alkenyl group, a C₇-C₁₀ arylalkyl group, a C₈-C₁₂ arylalkenyl group, or a C₇-C₁₄ alkylaryl group;

or, R¹³ is represented by the formula:



wherein: R¹⁷ to R²⁴ are as defined for R¹ and R², or two or more
 5 adjacent radicals R¹⁷ to R²⁴, including R²⁰ and R²¹, together with the atoms
 connecting them form one or more rings; preferably, R¹⁷ to R²⁴ are hydrogen;

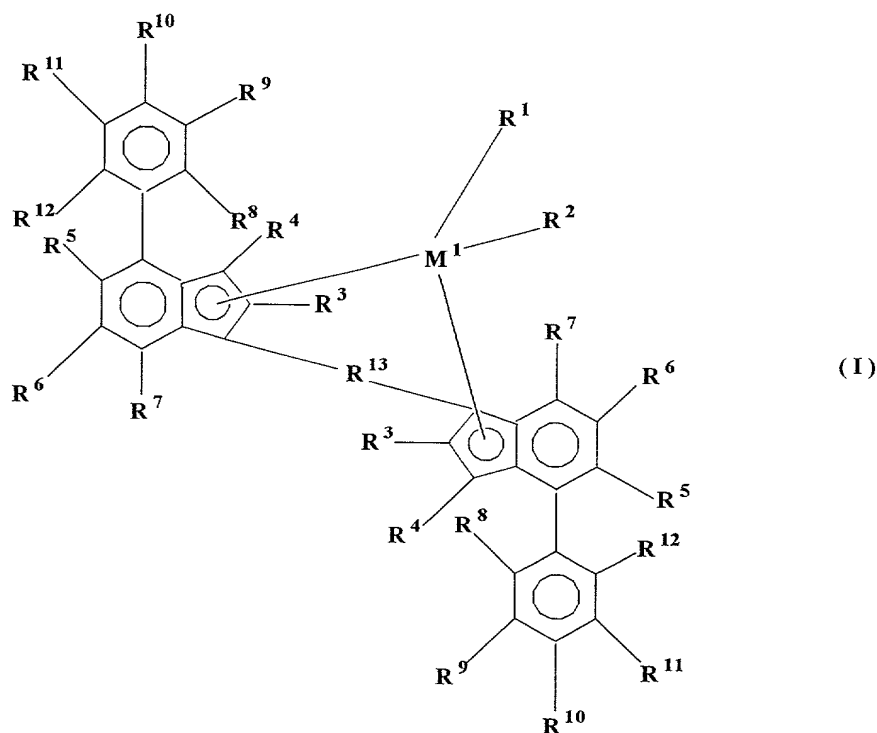
M² is one or more carbons, silicon, germanium or tin, preferably silicon;

R¹³ may also be an amidoborane-type radical such as is described in
 WO00/20426 (herein fully incorporated by reference);

10 R⁸, R¹⁰ and R¹² are identical or different and have the meanings stated
 for R⁴ to R⁷; and

R⁹ and R¹¹ are identical or different and are a Group IVA radical having
 from 1 to 20 carbon atoms or are each primary, secondary or tertiary butyl groups,
 aryl groups, isopropyl groups, fluoroalkyl groups, trialkyl silyl groups, or other
 15 groups of similar size, preferably a tertiary butyl group.

In another embodiment, the metallocenes of the present invention are represented by the formula:



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wherein: M^1 is selected from the group consisting of titanium, zirconium, hafnium, vanadium, niobium, tantalum, chromium, molybdenum and tungsten;

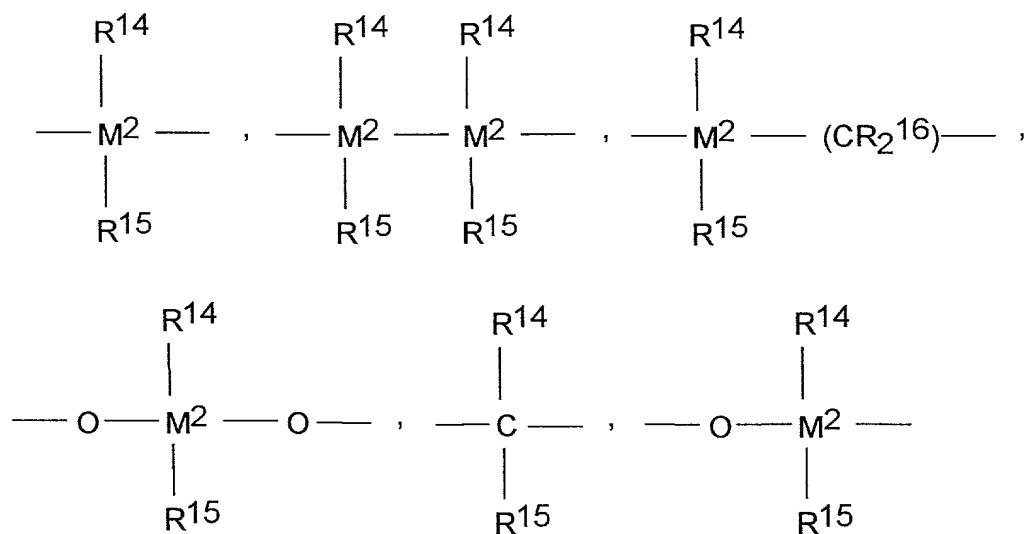
R^1 and R^2 are identical or different, and are one of a hydrogen atom, a C_1 - C_{10} alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} alkoxy group, a C_6 - C_{10} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{10} aryloxy group, a C_2 - C_{10} alkenyl group, a C_2 - C_{40} alkenyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} arylalkyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} alkylaryl group, a C_8 - C_{40} arylalkenyl group, an OH group or a halogen atom, or a conjugated diene which is optionally substituted with one or more hydrocarbyl, tri(hydrocarbyl)silyl groups or hydrocarbyl, tri(hydrocarbyl)silylhydrocarbyl groups, said diene having up to 30 atoms not counting hydrogen;

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R^3 are identical or different and are each a halogen atom, a C_3 - C_{10} alkyl group which may be halogenated, a C_6 - C_{10} aryl group which may be halogenated, a C_2 - C_{10} alkenyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} -arylalkyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} alkylaryl group, a C_8 - C_{40} arylalkenyl group, a $-NR'^2$, $-SR'$, $-OR'$, $-OSiR'_3$ or -
 5 PR'^2 radical, wherein R' is one of a halogen atom, a C_1 - C_{10} alkyl group, or a C_6 - C_{10} aryl group;

R^4 to R^7 are identical or different and are hydrogen, as defined for R^3 or two or more adjacent radicals R^5 to R^7 together with the atoms connecting them form one or more rings;

10 R^{13} is

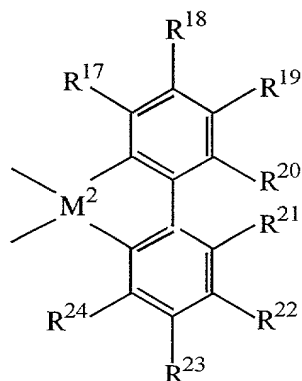


$-B(R^{14})$ -, $-Al(R^{14})$ -, $-Ge$ -, $-Sn$ -, $-O$ -, $-S$ -, $-SO$ -, $-SO_2$ -, $-N(R^{14})$ -, $-CO$ -, $-P(R^{14})$ -,
 or $-P(O)(R^{14})$ -, or an amidoborane radical;

15 wherein: R^{14} , R^{15} and R^{16} are identical or different and are a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C_1 - C_{20} alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{20} fluoroalkyl or silaalkyl group, a C_6 - C_{30} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{30} fluoroaryl group, a C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy group, a C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} arylalkyl group, a C_8 - C_{40} arylalkenyl group,

a C₇-C₄₀ alkylaryl group, or R¹⁴ and R¹⁵, together with the atoms binding them, form a cyclic ring ;

or, R¹³ is represented by the formula:



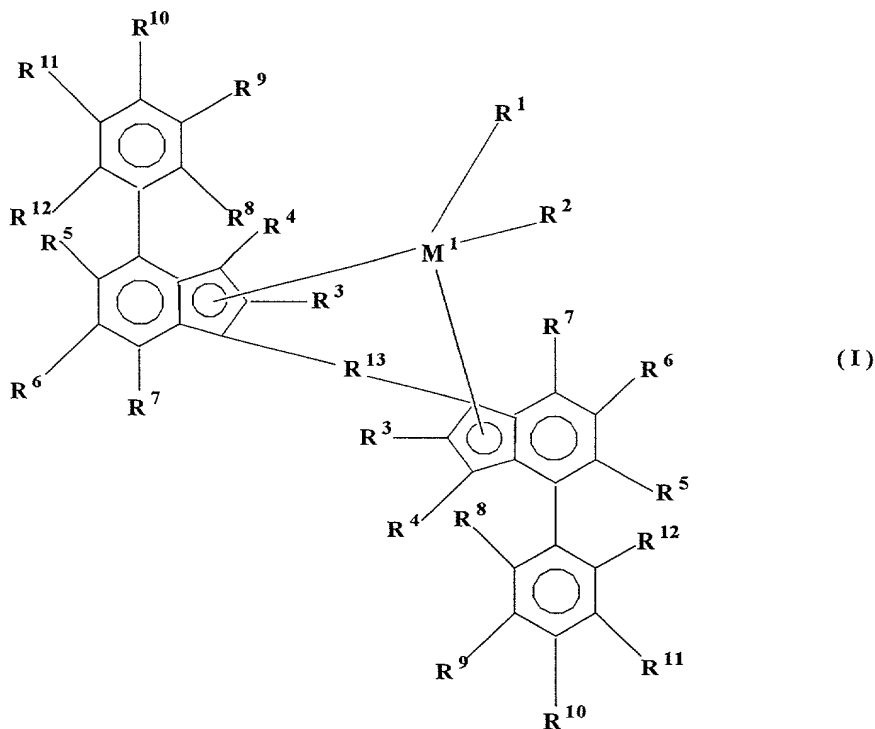
wherein: R¹⁷ to R²⁴ are as defined for R¹ and R², or two or more adjacent radicals R¹⁷ to R²⁴, including R²⁰ and R²¹, together with the atoms connecting them form one or more rings;

M² is one or more carbons, silicon, germanium or tin;

R⁸, R¹⁰ and R¹² are identical or different and have the meanings stated for R⁴ to R⁷; and

R⁹ and R¹¹ are identical or different and are each a Group IVA radical having from 2 to 20 carbon atoms or are each a primary, secondary or tertiary butyl group, an aryl group, an isopropyl group, trialkyl silyl group, or a fluoroalkyl group.

In another embodiment the metallocenes of this invention are represented by the formula:



5

wherein: M^1 is selected from the group consisting of titanium, zirconium, hafnium, vanadium, niobium, tantalum, chromium, molybdenum and tungsten;

R^1 and R^2 are identical or different, and are one of a hydrogen atom, a C_1 - C_{10} alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} alkoxy group, a C_6 - C_{10} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{10} aryloxy group, a C_2 - C_{10} alkenyl group, a C_2 - C_{40} alkenyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} arylalkyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} alkylaryl group, a C_8 - C_{40} arylalkenyl group, an OH group or a halogen atom, or a conjugated diene which is optionally substituted with one or more hydrocarbyl, tri(hydrocarbyl)silyl groups or hydrocarbyl, tri(hydrocarbyl)silylhydrocarbyl groups, said diene having up to 30 atoms not counting hydrogen;

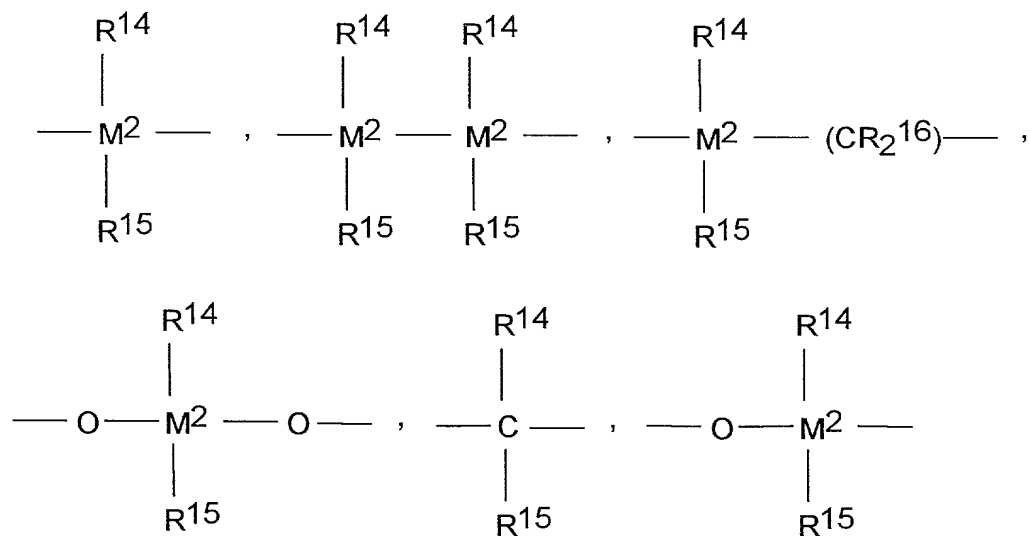
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R^3 are identical or different and are each a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C_1 - C_{10} alkyl group which may be halogenated, a C_6 - C_{10} aryl group

which may be halogenated, a C₂-C₁₀ alkenyl group, a C₇-C₄₀ -arylalkyl group, a C₇-C₄₀ alkylaryl group, a C₈-C₄₀ arylalkenyl group, a -NR'¹₂, -SR', -OR', -OSiR'³₃ or -PR'²₂ radical, wherein: R' is one of a halogen atom, a C₁-C₁₀ alkyl group, or a C₆-C₁₀ aryl group;

- 5 R⁴ to R⁷ are identical or different and are hydrogen, as defined for R³ or two or more adjacent radicals R⁵ to R⁷ together with the atoms connecting them form one or more rings;

R¹³ is

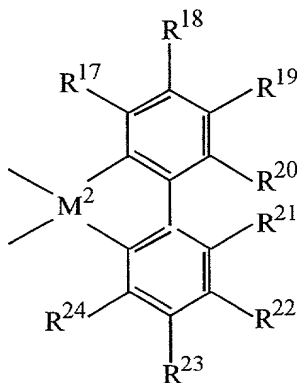


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-B(R¹⁴)₃-, -Al(R¹⁴)₃-, -Ge-, -Sn-, -O-, -S-, -SO-, -SO₂-, -N(R¹⁴)₃-, -CO-, -P(R¹⁴)₃-, or -P(O)(R¹⁴)₃-, or an amidoborane radical;

- 15 wherein: R¹⁴, R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are identical or different and are a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C₁-C₂₀ alkyl group, a C₁-C₂₀ fluoroalkyl or silaalkyl group, a C₆-C₃₀ aryl group, a C₆-C₃₀ fluoroaryl group, a C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy group, a C₂-C₂₀ alkenyl group, a C₇-C₄₀ arylalkyl group, a C₈-C₄₀ arylalkenyl group, a C₇-C₄₀ alkylaryl group, or R¹⁴ and R¹⁵, together with the atoms binding them, form a cyclic ring ;

or, R^{13} is represented by the formula:



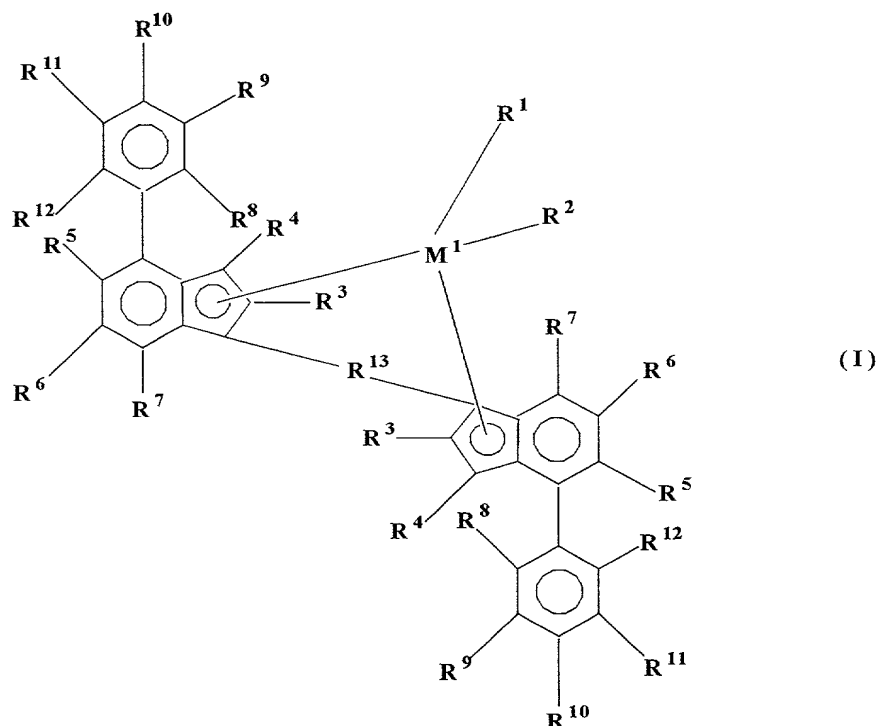
5 wherein: R^{17} to R^{24} are as defined for R^1 and R^2 , or two or more adjacent radicals R^{17} to R^{24} , including R^{20} and R^{21} , together with the atoms connecting them form one or more rings;

M^2 is one or more carbons, silicon, germanium or tin;

10 R^8 , R^{10} and R^{12} are identical or different and have the meanings stated for R^4 to R^7 ; and

R^9 and R^{11} are identical or different and are each primary, secondary or tertiary butyl groups.

In another embodiment the metallocenes of this invention are represented by the formula:



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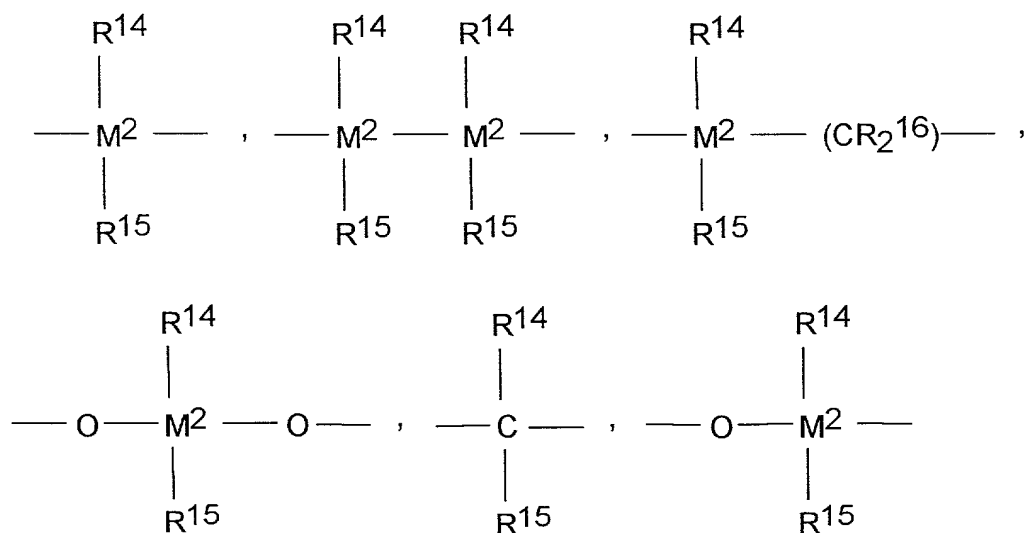
wherein: M^1 is selected from the group consisting of titanium, zirconium, hafnium, vanadium, niobium, tantalum, chromium, molybdenum and tungsten;

R^1 and R^2 are identical or different, and are one of a hydrogen atom, a C_1 - C_{10} alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} alkoxy group, a C_6 - C_{10} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{10} aryloxy group, a C_2 - C_{10} alkenyl group, a C_2 - C_{40} alkenyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} arylalkyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} alkylaryl group, a C_8 - C_{40} arylalkenyl group, an OH group or a halogen atom, or a conjugated diene which is optionally substituted with one or more hydrocarbyl, tri(hydrocarbyl)silyl groups or hydrocarbyl, tri(hydrocarbyl)silylhydrocarbyl groups, said diene having up to 30 atoms not counting hydrogen;

R^3 are identical and are each a C_1 or C_2 alkyl group, a C_3 alkyl group or a C_4 - C_{10} alkyl group;

R^4 to R^7 are identical or different and are hydrogen, as defined for R^3 or two or more adjacent radicals R^5 to R^7 together with the atoms connecting them
5 form one or more rings;

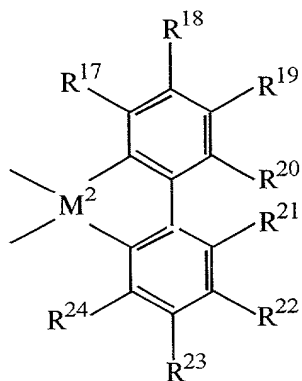
R^{13} is



$-B(R^{14})-$, $-Al(R^{14})-$, $-Ge-$, $-Sn-$, $-O-$, $-S-$, $-SO-$, $-SO_2-$, $-N(R^{14})-$, $-CO-$, $-P(R^{14})-$,
10 or $-P(O)(R^{14})-$, or an amidoborane radical;

wherein: R^{14} , R^{15} and R^{16} are identical or different and are a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C_1 - C_{20} alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{20} fluoroalkyl or silaalkyl group, a C_6 - C_{30} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{30} fluoroaryl group, a C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy group, a C_2 - C_{20} alkenyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} arylalkyl group, a C_8 - C_{40} arylalkenyl group,
15 a C_7 - C_{40} alkylaryl group, or R^{14} and R^{15} , together with the atoms binding them, form a cyclic ring;

or, R^{13} is represented by the formula:



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wherein: R^{17} to R^{24} are as defined for R^1 and R^2 , or two or more adjacent radicals R^{17} to R^{24} , including R^{20} and R^{21} , together with the atoms connecting them form one or more rings;

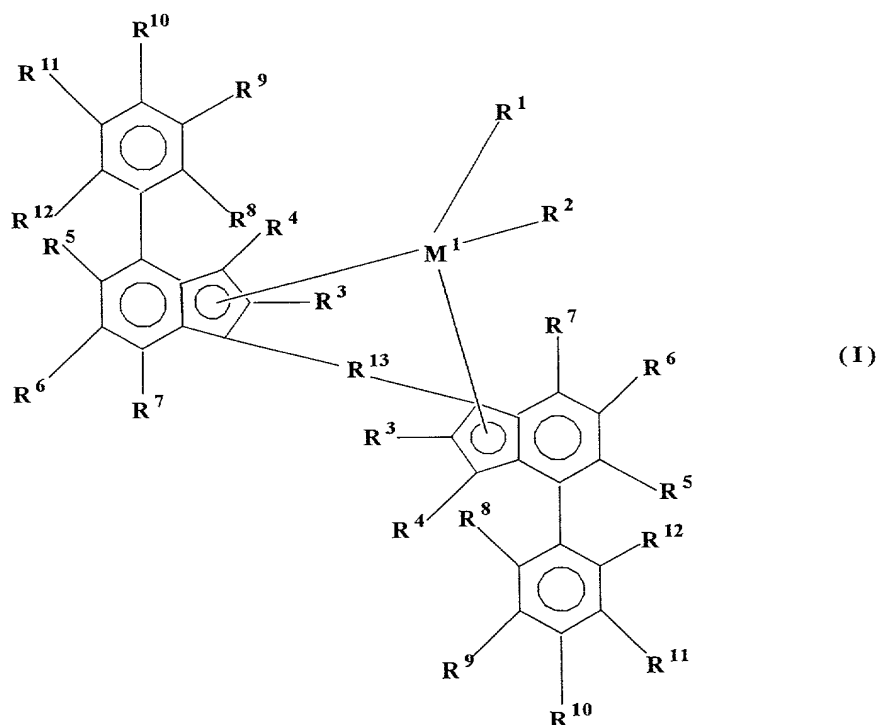
M^2 is one or more carbons, silicon, germanium or tin;

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R^8 , R^{10} and R^{12} are identical or different and have the meanings stated for R^4 to R^7 ; and

R^9 and R^{11} are identical or different and are each primary, secondary or tertiary butyl groups.

In another embodiment the metallocenes of this invention are represented by the formula:



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wherein: M^1 is selected from the group consisting of titanium, zirconium, hafnium, vanadium, niobium, tantalum, chromium, molybdenum and tungsten;

R^1 and R^2 are identical or different, and are one of a hydrogen atom, a C_1 - C_{10} alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} alkoxy group, a C_6 - C_{10} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{10} aryloxy group, a C_2 - C_{10} alkenyl group, a C_2 - C_{40} alkenyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} arylalkyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} alkylaryl group, a C_8 - C_{40} arylalkenyl group, an OH group or a halogen atom, or a conjugated diene which is optionally substituted with one or more hydrocarbyl, tri(hydrocarbyl)silyl groups or hydrocarbyl, tri(hydrocarbyl)silylhydrocarbyl groups, said diene having up to 30 atoms not counting hydrogen;

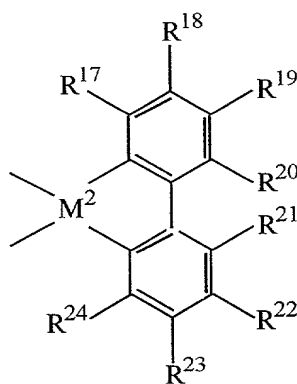
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R^3 are identical or different and are each a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C_1 - C_{10} alkyl group which may be halogenated, a C_6 - C_{10} aryl group

which may be halogenated, a C₂-C₁₀ alkenyl group, a C₇-C₄₀ -arylalkyl group, a C₇-C₄₀ alkylaryl group, a C₈-C₄₀ arylalkenyl group, a -NR₂¹⁵, -SR¹⁵, -OR¹⁵, -OSiR₃¹⁵ or -PR₂¹⁵ radical, wherein: R¹⁵ is one of a halogen atom, a C₁-C₁₀ alkyl group, or a C₆-C₁₀ aryl group;

- 5 R⁴ to R⁷ are identical or different and are hydrogen, as defined for R³ or two or more adjacent radicals R⁵ to R⁷ together with the atoms connecting them form one or more rings;

R¹³ is represented by the formula:



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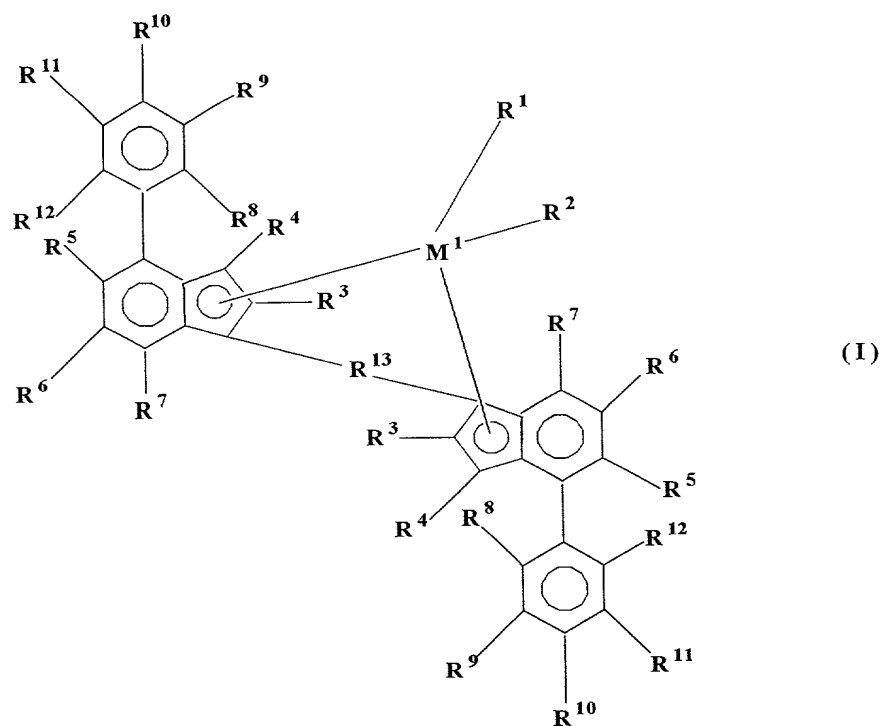
wherein: R¹⁷ to R²⁴ are as defined for R¹ and R², or two or more adjacent radicals R¹⁷ to R²⁴, including R²⁰ and R²¹, together with the atoms connecting them form one or more rings;

- 15 M² is one or more carbons, silicon, germanium or tin;

R⁸, R¹⁰ and R¹² are identical or different and have the meanings stated for R⁴ to R⁷; and

- 20 R⁹ and R¹¹ are identical or different and are each a Group IVA radical having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a primary, secondary or tertiary butyl group, an aryl group, an isopropyl group, trialkyl silyl group, or a fluoroalkyl group.

In another embodiment the metallocenes of this invention are represented by the formula:



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wherein: M^1 is selected from the group consisting of titanium, zirconium, hafnium, vanadium, niobium, tantalum, chromium, molybdenum and tungsten;

R^1 and R^2 are identical or different, and are one of a hydrogen atom, a C_1 - C_{10} alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} alkoxy group, a C_6 - C_{10} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{10} aryloxy group, a C_2 - C_{10} alkenyl group, a C_2 - C_{40} alkenyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} arylalkyl group, a C_7 - C_{40} alkylaryl group, a C_8 - C_{40} arylalkenyl group, an OH group or a halogen atom, or a conjugated diene which is optionally substituted with one or more hydrocarbyl, tri(hydrocarbyl)silyl groups or hydrocarbyl, tri(hydrocarbyl)silylhydrocarbyl groups, said diene having up to 30 atoms not counting hydrogen;

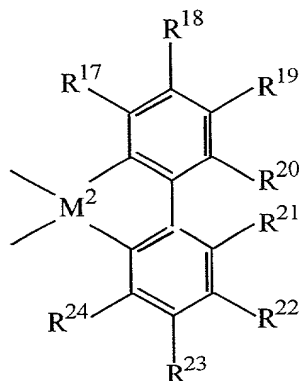
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R^3 are identical and are each a C_1 - C_4 alkyl group;

R^4 to R^7 are identical or different and are hydrogen, as defined for R^3 or two or more adjacent radicals R^5 to R^7 together with the atoms connecting them form one or more rings;

R^{13} is represented by the formula:

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wherein: R^{17} to R^{24} are as defined for R^1 and R^2 , or two or more adjacent radicals R^{17} to R^{24} , including R^{20} and R^{21} , together with the atoms connecting them form one or more rings;

10 M^2 is carbon, silicon, germanium or tin;

R^8 , R^{10} and R^{12} are identical or different and have the meanings stated for R^4 to R^7 ; and

R^9 and R^{11} are identical or different and are each primary, secondary or tertiary butyl groups.

15 As utilized herein, the term "alkyl", alone or in combination, means a straight-chain or branched-chain alkyl radical. Examples of such radicals include, but are not limited to, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, sec-butyl, tert-butyl, pentyl, iso-amyl, hexyl, octyl and the like. The term "alkenyl" means a straight-chain or branched-chain hydrocarbon radical having one or more
20 double bonds. Examples of suitable alkenyl radicals include, but are not limited to, ethenyl, propenyl, allyl, 1,4-butadienyl and the like. The term "alkoxy" means an alkyl ether radical wherein the term alkyl is as defined above. Examples of suitable alkyl ether radicals include, but are not limited to, methoxy, ethoxy, n-

propoxy, isopropoxy, n-butoxy, iso-butoxy, sec-butoxy, tert-butoxy and the like. The term "aryl" means a phenyl, azulenyl, or naphthyl radical and the like which optionally contains a heteroatom and/or carries one or more substituents, for example, alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, hydroxy, amino, nitro, etc.

5

The following are particularly preferred metallocenes:

- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;

5 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;

10 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;

15 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;

20 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;

25 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;

30 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dimethyl;

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- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 5 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 10 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 15 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl
- 20 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- 25 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- 30 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

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rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-*t*-butylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-9-silafluorendiyil(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

5 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dimethyl;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
10 dimethyl;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-*t*-butylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-*t*butylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

15 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-*t*butylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dimethyl;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-*t*-butylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-*t*butylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;

20 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dimethyl;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-*t*-butylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;

30 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-
trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;

- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 5 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 10 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 15 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- 20 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- 25 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- 30 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;

- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 5 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 10 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 15 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ hafnium dichloride;
- 20 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ hafnium dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- 25 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;
- 30 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

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- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 5 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 10 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 15 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- 20 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- 25 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- 30 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

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- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 5 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 10 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 15 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ hafnium dimethyl;
- 20 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- 25 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- 30 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;

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rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;

5 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;

10 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;

15 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di- iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;

20 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di- iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di- iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di- iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;

25 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di- iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;

30 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;

- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;
- 5 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
10 dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;
- 15 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
20 dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dimethyl;
- 25 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dimethyl
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
30 dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-isobutyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dimethyl;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

5 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;

10 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

15 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

20 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

25 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

30 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- 5 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- 10 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
- 15 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 20 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 25 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 30 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dichloride;

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- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;
- 5 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
10 dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;
- 15 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
20 dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;
- 25 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
30 dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;

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- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;
- 5 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
10 dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;
- 15 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
20 dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dimethyl;
- 25 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
30 dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dimethyl;

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- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium dimethyl;
rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dimethyl;
rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
5 dimethyl;
rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dimethyl;
rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dimethyl;
10 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dimethyl;
rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dimethyl;
rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
15 dimethyl;
rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dimethyl;
rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dimethyl;
20 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dimethyl;
rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dimethyl;
rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
25 dimethyl;
rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dimethyl;
rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dimethyl;
30 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dimethyl;

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- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dichloride;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dimethyl;
- 5 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dimethyl;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dimethyl;
- 10 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dimethyl;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dimethyl;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂hafnium
dimethyl;
- 15 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-
1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-
1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-
20 diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-
diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-
1,3-butadiene;
- 25 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-
diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-
diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-
30 diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

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rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

5 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

10 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

15 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

20 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl) η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

25 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

30 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 5 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 10 rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylsiladiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 15 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 20 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 25 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 30

- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 5 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis- trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 10 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 15 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 20 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 25 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 30

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

5 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

10 rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-9-silafluorendiyl(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

15 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;

rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;

20 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;

rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;

rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;

25 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;

rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;

30 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;

- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 5 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 10 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 15 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 20 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 25 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
- 30 dichloride;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;

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- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 5 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 10 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 15 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 20 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 25 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -
- 30 1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂
 η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 5 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂
 η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂
 η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 10 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂
 η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 15 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -
 1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -
 1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-
 20 diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -
 1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -
 1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 25 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -
 1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-
 diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-
 30 diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

5 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

10 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ zirconium dimethyl;

15 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ zirconium dimethyl;

rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ zirconium dimethyl;

rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-

20 tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ zirconium dimethyl;

rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ zirconium dimethyl;

rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ zirconium dimethyl;

25 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ zirconium dimethyl;

rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ zirconium dimethyl;

30 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ zirconium dimethyl;

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- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 5 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 10 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 15 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 20 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 25 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 30 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 5 rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-dimethylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 10 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 15 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 20 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 25 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 30 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;

- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 5 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-isopropylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 10 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-isopropylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-isopropylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 15 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-isopropylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-isopropylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-isopropylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 20 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-isopropylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 25 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 30 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;

- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 5 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 10 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 15 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 20 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 25 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 30

- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 5 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂
- 10 η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 15 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂
- 20 η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 25 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-
- 30 diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

5 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

10 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

15 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

20 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

25 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

30 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 5 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-isopropylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-isopropylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-isopropylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 10 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-isopropylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-isopropylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 15 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-isopropylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-isopropylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 20 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 25 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 30 rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

- rac-diisopropylamidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-
phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-
tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
5 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-
tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-
tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-
10 tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-
tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-
tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
15 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-
tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-
tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-
20 trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-
trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-
trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
25 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-
trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-
trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-
30 trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-
trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;

- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride
- 5 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 10 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 15 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 20 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 25 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride;
- 30 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂
 η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 5 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 10 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 15 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 20 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 25 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;
- 30 η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-isopropylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl) η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

5 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-isopropylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-isopropylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-isopropylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-isopropylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂
η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

15 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-
1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂
 η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂ η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂
 η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂
 η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

25 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂
η⁴-1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂
 η^4 -1,4-diphenyl-1,3-butadiene;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-
30 tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-
tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-
tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

5 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-
tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-
tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

10 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-
tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-
tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-
tbutylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

15 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-
trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-
trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

20 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-
trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-
trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-
trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

25 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-
trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-bis-
trifluoromethylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

30 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-
propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;

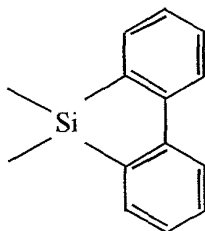
rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-
propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl

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- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 5 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-iso-propylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 10 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-methyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-ethyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 15 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-propyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-n-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- 20 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-iso-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl;
- rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-sec-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl; and
- 25 rac-bis(trimethylsilyl)amidoborane(2-tert-butyl, 4-[3',5'-di-phenylphenyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dimethyl.

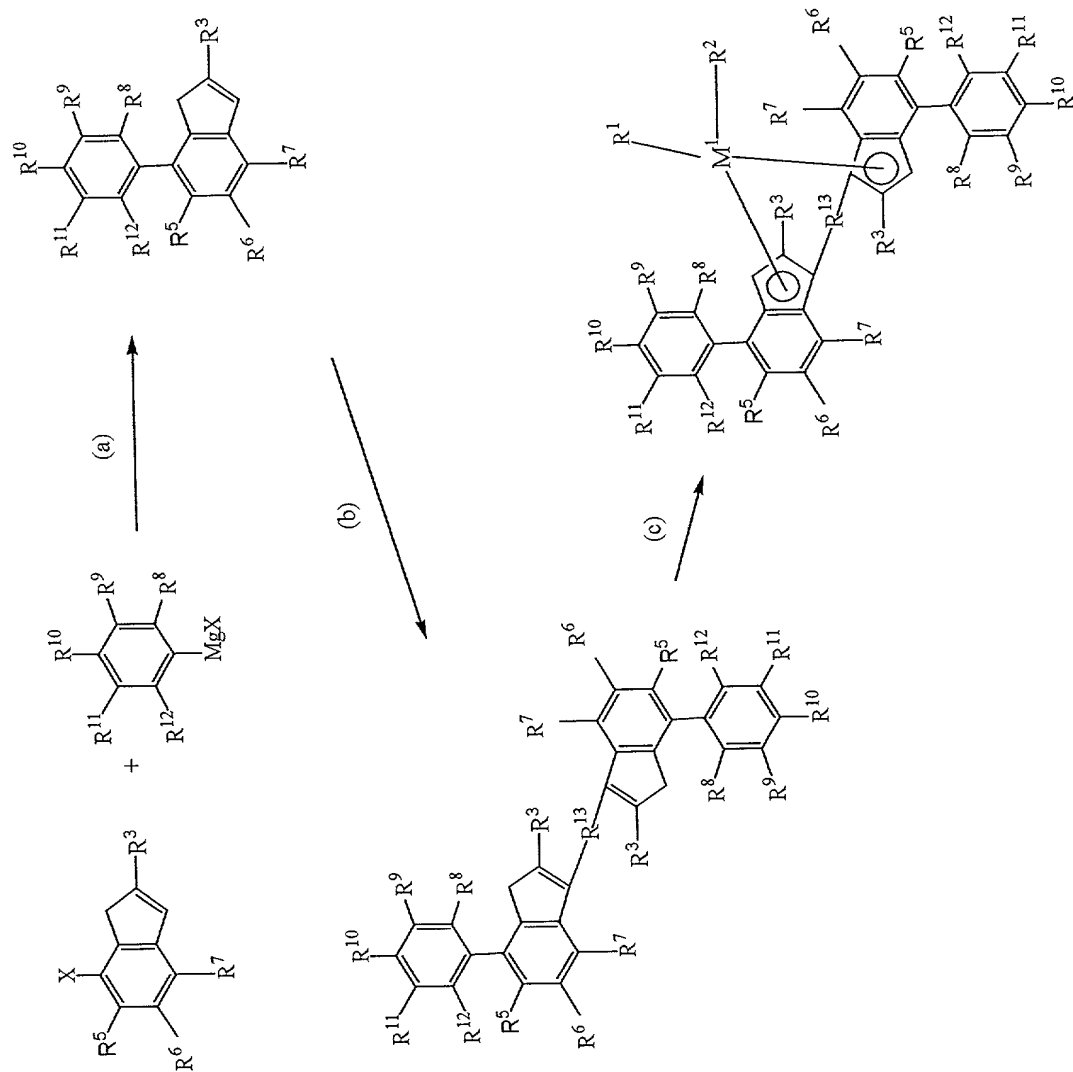
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"9-silafluorendiyl-" refers to the substituent:



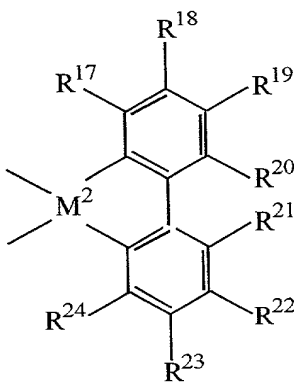
The metallocenes of this invention are prepared according to general techniques known from the literature, for example U.S. Patent Nos. 5,789,634 and
5 5,840,644 (both entirely incorporated herein by reference).

Generally, metallocenes of this type are synthesized as shown below ($R^4=H$) where (a) is an aryl-coupling reaction between a 4-halosubstituted indene and an aryl Grignard reagent catalyzed by $NiCl_2(PPh_3)_2$ in ether-type solvents at
10 room temperature to reflux. Product is usually purified by column chromatography or distillation. (b) is a deprotonation via a metal salt of an alkyl anion (e.g. $n-BuLi$) to form an indenide followed by reaction with an appropriate bridging precursor (e.g. Me_2SiCl_2). Reactions are usually done in ether-type solvents at ambient temperatures. The final product is purified by column
15 chromatography or distillation; and (c) is double deprotonation via an alkyl anion (e.g. $n-BuLi$) to form a dianion followed by reaction with a metal halide (e.g. $ZrCl_4$). The reactions are usually done in ether-type or aromatic solvents at ambient temperatures. The final products are obtained by recrystallization of the crude solids.



The metallocenes of this invention are highly active catalyst components for the polymerization of olefins. The metallocenes are preferably employed as chiral racemates. However, it is also possible to use the pure enantiomers in the (+) or (-) form. The pure enantiomers allow an optically active polymer to be prepared. However, the meso form of the metallocenes should be removed, since the polymerization-active center (the metal atom) in these compounds is no longer chiral due to the mirror symmetry at the central metal atom and it is therefore not possible to produce a highly isotactic polymer. If the meso form is not removed, atactic polymer is formed in addition to isotactic polymer. For certain applications this may be entirely desirable.

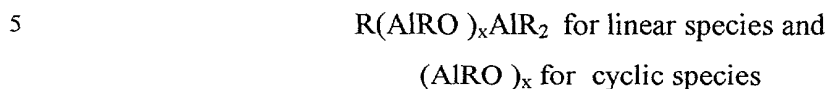
Rac/meso metallocene isomer separation is facilitated when metallocenes containing certain bridging groups are prepared. We have found this to be true when the bridging group, R^{13} , is represented by the formula:



wherein M^2 and R^{17} to R^{24} are as defined above.

Metallocenes are generally used in combination with some form of activator in order to create an active catalyst system. The terms "activator" and "cocatalyst" are used interchangeably and are defined herein to mean any compound or component, or combination of compounds or components, capable of enhancing the ability of one or more metallocenes to polymerize olefins.

Alkylalumoxanes such as methylalumoxane (MAO) are commonly used as metallocene activators. Generally alkylalumoxanes contain 5 to 40 of the repeating units:



where R is a C₁-C₈ alkyl including mixed alkyls. Compounds in which R is methyl are particularly preferred. Alumoxane solutions, particularly methylalumoxane solutions, may be obtained from commercial vendors as solutions having various concentrations. There are a variety of methods for preparing alumoxane, non-limiting examples of which are described in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,665,208, 4,952,540, 5,091,352, 5,206,199, 5,204,419, 4,874,734, 4,924,018, 4,908,463, 4,968,827, 5,308,815, 5,329,032, 5,248,801, 5,235,081, 15 5,103,031 and EP-A-0 561 476, EP-B1-0 279 586, EP-A-0 594-218 and WO 94/10180, each fully incorporated herein by reference.

Ionizing activators may also be used to activate metallocenes. These activators are neutral or ionic, or are compounds such as tri(n-butyl)ammonium tetrakis(pentafluorophenyl)borate, which ionize the neutral metallocene compound. Such ionizing compounds may contain an active proton, or some other cation associated with, but not coordinated or only loosely coordinated to, the remaining ion of the ionizing compound. Combinations of activators may also be used, for example, alumoxane and ionizing activator combination, see for example, WO 25 94/07928.

Descriptions of ionic catalysts for coordination polymerization comprised of metallocene cations activated by non-coordinating anions appear in the early work in EP-A-0 277 003, EP-A-0 277 004 and U.S. Patent No. 5,198,401 and 30 WO-A-92/00333 (each incorporated herein by reference). These teach desirable methods of preparation wherein metallocenes are protonated by an anion precursor such that an alkyl/hydride group is abstracted from a transition metal to

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make it both cationic and charge-balanced by the non-coordinating anion. Suitable ionic salts include tetrakis-substituted borate or aluminum salts having fluorided aryl-constituents such as phenyl, biphenyl and naphthyl.

5 The term "non-coordinating anion" (NCA) means an anion which either does not coordinate to said cation or which is only weakly coordinated to said cation thereby remaining sufficiently labile to be displaced by a neutral Lewis base. "Compatible" non-coordinating anions are those which are not degraded to neutrality when the initially formed complex decomposes. Further, the anion will
10 not transfer an anionic substituent or fragment to the cation so as to cause it to form a neutral four coordinate metallocene compound and a neutral by-product from the anion. Non-coordinating anions useful in accordance with this invention are those which are compatible, stabilize the metallocene cation in the sense of balancing its ionic charge at +1, yet retain sufficient lability to permit
15 displacement by an ethylenically or acetylenically unsaturated monomer during polymerization.

 The use of ionizing ionic compounds not containing an active proton but capable of producing both the active metallocene cation and a non-coordinating
20 anion is also known. See, for example, EP-A-0 426 637 and EP-A- 0 573 403 (each incorporated herein by reference). An additional method of making the ionic catalysts uses ionizing anion precursors which are initially neutral Lewis acids but form the cation and anion upon ionizing reaction with the metallocene compounds, for example the use of tris(pentafluorophenyl) borane. See EP-A-0
25 520 732 (incorporated herein by reference). Ionic catalysts for addition polymerization can also be prepared by oxidation of the metal centers of transition metal compounds by anion precursors containing metallic oxidizing groups along with the anion groups, see EP-A-0 495 375 (incorporated herein by reference).

30 Where the metal ligands include halogen moieties (for example, bis-cyclopentadienyl zirconium dichloride) which are not capable of ionizing abstraction under standard conditions, they can be converted via known alkylation

reactions with organometallic compounds such as lithium or aluminum hydrides or alkyls, alkylalumoxanes, Grignard reagents, etc. See EP-A-0 500 944 and EP-A1-0 570 982 (each incorporated herein by reference) for *in situ* processes describing the reaction of alkyl aluminum compounds with dihalo-substituted
5 metalocene compounds prior to or with the addition of activating anionic compounds.

Methods for supporting ionic catalysts comprising metallocene cations and NCA are described in WO 9950311, U.S. Patent Nos. 5,643,847 and 5,972,823,
10 U.S. Patent Application No. 09184358, filed November 2, 1998 and U.S. Patent Application No. 09184389, filed November 2, 1998 (each fully incorporated herein by reference).

When the activator for the metallocene supported catalyst composition is a
15 NCA, preferably the NCA is first added to the support composition followed by the addition of the metallocene catalyst. When the activator is MAO, preferably the MAO and metallocene catalyst are dissolved together in solution. The support is then contacted with the MAO/metallocene catalyst solution. Other methods and order of addition will be apparent to those skilled in the art.

20 The catalyst systems used to prepare the compositions of this invention are preferably supported using a porous particulate material, such as for example, talc, inorganic oxides, inorganic chlorides such as magnesium chloride, and resinous materials such as polyolefin or polymeric compounds.

25 Preferably, the support materials are porous inorganic oxide materials, which include those from the Periodic Table of Elements of Groups 2, 3, 4, 5, 13 or 14 metal/metalloid oxides. Silica, alumina, silica-alumina, and mixtures thereof are particularly preferable. Other inorganic oxides that may be employed
30 either alone or in combination with the silica, alumina or silica-alumina are magnesia, titania, zirconia, and the like.

Preferably the support material is porous silica which has a surface area in the range of from 10 to 700 m²/g, a total pore volume in the range of from 0.1 to 4.0 cc/g and an average particle size in the range of from 10 to 500 μm. More preferably, the surface area is in the range of from 50 to 500 m²/g, the pore volume is in the range of from 0.5 to 3.5 cc/g and the average particle size is in the range of from 20 to 200 μm. Most desirably the surface area is in the range of from 100 to 400 m²/g, the pore volume is in the range of from 0.8 to 3.0 cc/g and the average particle size is in the range of from 30 to 100 μm. The average pore size of typical porous support materials is in the range of from 10 to 1000 Å.

10 Preferably, a support material is used that has an average pore diameter of from 50 to 500 Å, and most desirably from 75 to 350 Å. It may be particularly desirable to dehydrate the silica at a temperature of from 100°C to 800°C anywhere from 3 to 24 hours.

15 The metallocene, activator and support material may be combined in any number of ways. More than one metallocene may also be used. Examples of suitable support techniques are described in U. S. Patent Nos. 4,808,561 and 4,701,432 (each fully incorporated herein by reference.). Preferably the metallocenes and activator are combined and their reaction product supported on the porous support material as described in U. S. Patent No. 5,240,894 and WO 94/ 28034, WO 96/00243, and WO 96/00245 (each fully incorporated herein by reference.) Alternatively, the metallocenes may be preactivated separately and then combined with the support material either separately or together. If the metallocenes are separately supported, then preferably, they are dried then

20 combined as a powder before use in polymerization.

25

Regardless of whether the metallocene(s) and their activator are separately precontacted or whether the metallocene(s) and activator are combined at once, in some instances it may be preferred that the total volume of reaction solution applied to porous support is less than 4 times the total pore volume of the porous support, more preferably less than 3 times the total pore volume of the porous

30

support and even more preferably in the range of from more than 1 to less than 2.5 times the total pore volume of the porous support. Procedures for measuring the total pore volume of porous support are well known in the art. One such method is described in Volume 1, Experimental Methods in Catalyst Research, Academic Press, 1968, pages 67-96.

The supported catalyst system may be used directly in polymerization or the catalyst system may be prepolymerized using methods well known in the art. For details regarding prepolymerization, see United States Patent Nos. 4,923,833 and 4,921,825, and EP 0 279 863 and EP 0 354 893 (each fully incorporated herein by reference).

The metallocene catalyst systems described herein are useful in the polymerization of all types of olefins. This includes polymerization processes which produce homopolymers, copolymers, terpolymers and the like as well as block copolymers and impact copolymers. These polymerization processes may be carried out in solution, in suspension or in the gas phase, continuously or batchwise, or any combination thereof, in one or more steps, preferably at a temperature of from 60°C to 200° C, more preferably from 30°C to 80°C, particularly preferably from 50°C to 80°C. The polymerization or copolymerization is carried out using olefins of the formula $R^aCH=CH-R^b$. In this formula, R^a and R^b are identical or different and are a hydrogen atom or an alkyl radical having 1 to 14 carbon atoms. However, R^a and R^b may alternatively form a ring together with the carbon atoms connecting them. Examples of such olefins are ethylene, propylene, 1-butene, 1-hexene, 4-methyl-1-pentene, 1-octene, norbornene and norbornadiene. In particular, propylene and ethylene are polymerized. The metallocenes and metallocenes catalyst systems of this invention are most suitable for the polymerization of propylene based polymers.

If necessary, hydrogen is added as a molecular-weight regulator and/or in order to increase the activity. The overall pressure polymerization system is from

0.5 to 100 bar. Polymerization is preferably carried out in the industrially particularly interesting pressure range from 5 to 64 bar.

Typically, the metallocene is used in the polymerization in a concentration, based on the transition metal, of from 10^{-3} to 10^{-8} mol, preferably from 10^{-4} to 10^{-7} mol, of transition metal per dm^3 of solvent or per dm^3 of reactor volume. When alumoxane is used as the cocatalyst, it is used in a concentration of from 10^{-5} to 10^{-1} mol, preferably from 10^{-4} to 10^{-2} mol, per dm^3 of solvent or per dm^3 of reactor volume. The other cocatalysts mentioned are used in an approximately equimolar amount with respect to the metallocene. In principle, however, higher concentrations are also possible.

If the polymerization is carried out as a suspension or solution polymerization, an inert solvent which is customary for the Ziegler low-pressure process is typically used for example, the polymerization is carried out in an aliphatic or cycloaliphatic hydrocarbon; examples of which are propane, butane, hexane, heptane, isooctane, cyclohexane and methylcyclohexane. It is also possible to use a benzene or hydrogenated diesel oil fraction. Toluene can also be used. The polymerization is preferably carried out in the liquid monomer. If inert solvents are used, the monomers are metered in gas or liquid form.

Before addition of the catalyst, in particular of the supported catalyst system, another alkylaluminum compound, such as, for example, trimethylaluminum, triethylaluminum, triisobutylaluminum, trioctylaluminum or isoprenylaluminum, may additionally be introduced into the reactor in order to render the polymerization system inert (for example to remove catalyst poisons present in the olefin). This compound is added to the polymerization system in a concentration of from 100 to 0.01 mmol of Al per kg of reactor contents. Preference is given to triisobutylaluminum and triethylaluminum in a concentration of from 10 to 0.1 mmol of Al per kg of reactor contents. This allows the molar Al/M^1 ratio to be selected at a low level in the synthesis of a supported catalyst system.

In principle, however, the use of further substances for catalysis of the polymerization reaction is unnecessary, i.e. the systems according to the invention can be used as the only catalysts for the polymerization of olefins.

5

The process according to the invention is distinguished by the fact that the metallocenes described can give propylene polymers of very high molecular weight, melting point, and very high stereotacticity, with high catalyst activities in the industrially particularly interesting polymerization temperature range of from 10 50°C to 80°C.

The catalyst systems of this invention are capable of providing polymers, particularly propylene homopolymers and copolymers, of exceptionally high molecular weight and melting point even when used in processes under 15 commercially relevant conditions of temperature, pressure and catalyst activity. Preferred melting points are at least as high as 155°C, more preferably at least 157°C, even more preferably at least 157°C, and most preferably 160°C or more.

The catalyst systems of this invention are also capable of providing 20 propylene polymers having high stereospecificity and regiospecificity. Isotactic propylene polymers prepared according to the processes of this invention may have a proportion of 2,1-inserted propene units of less than 0.5%, at a triad tacticity of greater than 98%. Preferably there is no measurable proportion of 2,1-inserted propene units. Triad tacticity is determined using ¹³C-NMR according to 25 J.C. Randall, Polymer Sequence Determination: Carbon-13 NMR Method, Academic Press New York 1978. Polymers prepared using the processes of described herein find uses in all applications including fibers, injection-molded parts, films, pipes etc.

30 While the present invention has been described and illustrated by reference to particular embodiments, it will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art, that the invention lends itself to many different variations not

illustrated herein. For these reasons, then, reference should be made solely to the appended claims for purposes of determining the true scope of the present invention.

5 Although the appendant claims have single dependencies in accordance with U.S. patent practice, each of the features in any of the appendant claims can be combined with each of the features of other appendant claims or the main claim.

10

EXAMPLES

 All air sensitive experiments are carried out in nitrogen purged dry boxes. All solvents were purchased from commercial sources. 4-Bromo-2-methyl indene, 4-chloro-2-methyl-indene and tris (perfluorophenyl) borane in toluene were
15 purchased from commercial sources. Aluminum alkyls were purchased as hydrocarbon solutions from commercial sources. The commercial methylalumoxane ("MAO") was purchased from Albemarle as a 30 wt% solution in toluene. The metallocenes racemic dimethylsiladiyl(2-methyl-4-phenylindenyl)₂ zirconium dichloride and racemic dimethylsiladiyl(4-[1-naphthyl]-
20 2-methylindenyl)₂ zirconium dichloride were obtained from commercial sources.

COMPARATIVE EXAMPLE 1

racemic dimethylsiladiyl(2-methyl-4-phenylindenyl)₂zirconium dichloride

25

Supported Comparison Metallocene Catalyst System 1

**racemic dimethylsiladiyl(2-methyl-4-phenylindenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride/MAO**

 In a 100 mL round bottom flask racemic dimethylsiladiyl(2-methyl-4-phenylindenyl)₂ zirconium dichloride (Comparison metallocene 1, 0.055 g) was
30 added to a MAO solution (6.74 g, 7.2 mL) and stirred twenty minutes. This was filtered through a medium glass frit funnel and washed with toluene (14 mL). To

the combined filtrates was added dehydrated silica (4.0 g, Davison 948 Regular, 600°C dehydration). This slurry was stirred for twenty minutes then dried at 40°C for two minutes under vacuum on a rotary evaporator until the liquid evaporated, and then the solid was further dried a total of about two hours and twenty two minutes. The supported catalyst was recovered as a light orange, free flowing solid (5.63 g).

COMPARATIVE EXAMPLE 2

**racemic dimethylsiladiyl(2- methyl-4-[1-naphthyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride**

Supported Comparison Metallocene Catalyst System 2

**racemic dimethylsiladiyl(2- methyl-4-[1-naphthyl]indenyl)₂zirconium
dichloride/MAO**

In a 100 mL round bottom flask racemic dimethylsiladiyl(2- methyl-4-[1-naphthyl]indenyl)₂ zirconium dichloride (Comparison metallocene 2, 0.064 g) was added to a MAO solution (6.74 g, 7.2 mL) and stirred twenty minutes. This was filtered through a medium glass frit funnel and washed with toluene (14 mL). To the combined filtrates was added dehydrated silica (4.0 g, Davison 948 Regular, 600°C dehydration). This slurry was stirred for twenty minutes then dried at 40°C for two minutes under vacuum on a rotary evaporator until the liquid evaporated, and then the solid was further dried a total of about two hours. The supported catalyst was recovered as an orange, free flowing solid (4.72 g).

EXAMPLE 3

racemic dimethylsiladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-di-tertbutylphenyl)-2-methylindenyl)zirconium dichloride

1-bromo-3,5-di-tertbutylbenzene

A 1000 mL three-neck, round-bottom flask was equipped with a mechanical stirrer, a pressure-compensating dropping funnel, and a reflux

condenser. A nitrogen gas flow adapter with overpressure valve was attached on top of the reflux condenser. A slight nitrogen flow guaranteed an inert gas atmosphere in the apparatus. The flask was charged with 181 g triphenylphosphine (690 mmol) and 160 mL acetonitrile (HPLC grade). The white suspension was cooled in an ice bath for 15 minutes. While stirring, dropwise addition of 101.5 g bromine (635 mmol) took place within 40 minutes. After bromine addition, the ice bath was removed. 124 g of 3,5-di-tertbutylphenol (601 mmol) and 140 mL acetonitrile were added in one portion. The orange/white suspension converted into an orange solution upon heating. The mechanical stirrer was replaced by an egg-shape stir bar. The solution was stirred at gentle reflux temperature for three hours.

The flask was then fitted for a simple distillation and the acetonitrile was distilled under water aspirator pressure. After all the acetonitrile had been removed, the condenser was replaced with a short, large-diameter glass tube connected to a 500 mL glass washing bottle half filled with water. The liquid mixture was stirred for 80 minutes at a temperature of 280-310°C. The reaction mixture was cooled to approximately 100°C and poured into a 1000 mL beaker. A slight flow of nitrogen into the beaker kept the product mixture dry. At room temperature the solid was brought into a dry box, broken into fine pieces, and ground in a mortar. The ground material was stirred four times with 200 mL of pentane. The liquid phases were decanted, combined, washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution (200 mL), dried with MgSO₄, and the solvent evaporated. Column chromatography (silica/pentane) gave 41.6 g (25.7%) of a white, crystalline product.

¹H-NMR (CHCl₃ = 7.24ppm): δ 7.30 (s, 3H), 1.28 (s, 18H).

4-(3',5'-Di-tertbutylphenyl)- 2-methylindene

Preparation of the Grignard salt: A 100 ml flask was charged with 1.88 g Mg (77.3 mmol) and 10 mL THF. 13.36 g 3,5-di-tertbutyl-bromobenzene (49.6 mmol) were dissolved in 45 mL THF and slowly added to the Mg-turnings. The flask was heated to 50°C in an oil bath as soon as the reaction started, and this

temperature was kept for one hour after addition of the bromobenzene was complete. The oil bath temperature was raised and a gentle reflux maintained for four hours.

- 5 Coupling reaction: A 100 mL flask was charged with 7.42 g 4-chloro-2-methylindene (45.1 mmol), 0.723 g 1,3-bis(diphenylphosphino)propane nickel(II)chloride, (1.334 mmol) and 30 mL Et₂O. The red suspension was cooled to -20°C, and the Grignard-salt suspension from above added within 20 minutes. The suspension was heated in an oil bath to 50°C, and stirred for 40 hours at this
- 10 temperature. The flask was cooled in an ice bath. While stirring, 4ml water and 15 ml 10% aqueous HCl were added. The THF phase was separated, the water phase washed with Et₂O, and the combined organic phases dried with MgSO₄. A purification by column chromatography followed after evaporation of the solvent. Silica was used as the stationary phase and pentane as the solvent. Later the
- 15 solvent was changed to a pentane/Et₂O mixture (98:2). All fractions containing product were combined, the solvent completely evaporated. The product was recrystallized in the smallest possible amount of pentane, stored at 4°C, the solvent decanted, and the solid dried under vacuum. Yield was 3.14 g (9.96 mmol, 21.9%). The product is a mixture of two isomers
- 20 ¹H-NMR (CHCl₃ = 7.24ppm): δ 7.40-7.12 (m, 2×6H), 6.64 (s, 1H), 6.53 (t, 1H), 3.36 (s, 2×2H), 2.13 (s, 2×3H), 1.36 (s, 2×18H).

dimethylsiladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-di-tertbutylphenyl)- 2-methylindene)

- 25 3.12 g 4-(3',5'-Di-tertbutylphenyl)-2-methyl-indene (9.8mmol) was dissolved in 20 mL THF. A 100 mL flask was charged with 0.65 g KH and 25 mL THF. At a temperature of -75°C the indene solution was added within 8 minutes to the KH suspension. The suspension was allowed to warm up within 40 minutes to -50°C, and then within 75 minutes to -35°C. After stirring at room temperature for 90 minutes the solid was allowed to settle, and the orange solution
- 30 transferred to a second flask. 0.6 mL Dichlorodimethylsilane (4.95mmol) was added to the K-salt solution at -35°C. The solution was stirred overnight at room

temperature. Addition of 3 mL saturated NH_4Cl solution stopped the reaction. The solution was filtered from a white precipitate and dried with MgSO_4 . Addition of 5 g silica and complete evaporation of solvent gave a silica/raw product mixture. Column chromatography over 125 g silica and pentane/ Et_2O = 99:1 (500 mL) and then 98:2 (500 mL). A quantitative yield with a slight contamination of indene starting material was recovered. The product is a mixture of two isomers. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CHCl_3 = 7.24ppm): δ 7.48-7.13 (m, $2 \times 12\text{H}$), 6.80 (m, $2 \times 2\text{H}$), 3.85 (s, 2H), 3.80 (s, 2H), 2.24 (s, 6H), 2.23 (s, 6H), 1.38+1.37 (2s, $2 \times 36\text{H}$), -0.20 (s, 3H), -0.22 (s, $2 \times 3\text{H}$), -0.26 (s, 3H).

racemic dimethylsiladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-di-tertbutylphenyl)-2-methyl-indenyl)zirconium dichloride

4 g of the above silane (5.77mmol) were dissolved in 6ml pentane and 43 mL THF. At -85°C 4.6 mL n-BuLi (2.5M in hexanes, 11.5mmol) were added within 11 minutes. The color of the solution turned from yellow to red-brown. The solution was warmed to -60°C within 30 minutes and stirred at room temperature for one hour. The solvent was completely evaporated, 10 mL toluene were added, followed again by complete evaporation of the solvent. The red-brown residue was dissolved in 45ml toluene and cooled to -85°C . Addition of 1.32 g ZrCl_4 (5.66 mmol) gave a brown suspension. Within two hours the suspension was warmed to room temperature, and then refluxed for 6.5 hours. This gave a bright orange suspension. Toluene was completely evaporated, 60 mL pentane were added to stir the suspension overnight. Filtration over celite and washing of the orange residue with 45 mL pentane gave a clear orange filtrate. By slow evaporation of the pentane solution to the dry box atmosphere, the racemic zirconocene crystallized out of solution. The solution was decanted from the solid; the solid washed with a few mL cold pentane and dried. By washing the orange residue on celite above with toluene, a clear orange toluene solution can be obtained. Evaporation of half of the toluene and adding at least half the volume of pentane gives crystalline meso zirconocene. Yield of racemic zirconocene was 1.5 g (1.76 mmol, 30.5%). 0.51 g (0.60 mmol, 10.4%) meso zirconocene could be

isolated. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CHCl_3 = 7.24ppm): δ 7.64 (d, 2×1H), 7.51 (s, 4H), 7.40 (d, 2×1H), 7.39 (s, 2H), 7.10 (t, 2×1H), 6.95 (s, 2×1H), 2.24 (s, 2×3H), 1.33 (s, 2×3H), 1.30 (s, 12×3H) for the racemic zirconocene, and δ 7.62 (d, 2×1H), 7.45 (s, 4H), 7.37 (t, 2×1H), 7.11 (d, 2×1H), 6.86 (m, 2×1H), 6.78 (s, 2×1H), 2.44 (s, 2×3H), 1.46 (s, 3H), 1.31 (s, 12×3H), 1.23 (s, 3H) for the meso zirconocene.

Supported Metallocene Catalyst System 3A

racemic dimethylsiladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-di-tertbutylphenyl)-2-methylindenyl)zirconium dichloride/MAO

In a 100 mL round bottom flask racemic dimethylsiladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-di-tertbutylphenyl)-2-methylindenyl) zirconium dichloride (0.075 g) was added to a MAO solution (6.74 g, 7.4 mL) and stirred twenty minutes. This was filtered through a medium glass frit funnel and washed with toluene (14 mL). To the combined filtrates was added dehydrated silica (4.0 g, Davison 948 Regular, 600°C dehydration). This slurry was stirred for twenty minutes, then dried at 40 °C for one minutes under vacuum on a rotary evaporator until the liquid evaporated, and then the solid was further dried a total of about two hours and twenty minutes. The supported catalyst was recovered as a reddish pink, free flowing solid (5.4 g).

dimethylsiladiylbis[4-(3',5'-di-tert-butylphenyl)-2-methylindenyl]zirconium dimethyl

Dimethylsiladiylbis[4-(3',5'-di-tert-butylphenyl)-2-methylindenyl] ZrCl_2 (488 mgs, 0.57 mmol) was dissolved in 30 mL of toluene to give a clear orange solution. 3.0M MeMgBr solution in Et_2O (0.76 mL, 2.28 mmol) was added at room temperature via syringe and the reaction was stirred at reflux overnight. After this time, the reaction was cooled and 0.5 mL of 1,4-dioxane and 0.5mL of Me_3SiCl was added to the solution. This solution was filtered through a celite-packed frit and the toluene was removed in vacuo. The remaining yellow solid

was washed with pentane and dried in vacuo to yield 257 mgs (55.3%) of the desired metallocene.

Supported Metallocene Catalyst System 3B

5 **racemic dimethylsiladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-di-tertbutylphenyl)-2-methylindenyl)zirconium dimethyl/NCA**

10 In a 50-ml beaker, 1.07 g (0.232 mmol) of an 11.05 wt% solution of tris (perfluorophenyl) borane in toluene was massed. 0.035 g (0.232 mmol) of N, N-diethylaniline (Aldrich, 98+%) was added followed by 4.5 g of toluene. A pink solution resulted. This solution was pipetted into a 50 ml round bottom flask containing 2.0 g of silica (Grace Davison, calcined at 500°C with 3-wt% (NH₄)₂SiF₆) and a magnetic stir bar. 4.5 g of toluene was used to rinse the beaker, pipette, and the sides of the flask. The flask was heated to 50 °C in an oil bath.

15 The mixture was stirred for 30 minutes. 0.023g (0.028 mmol) of the dimethylsiladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-di-tertbutylphenyl)-2-methylindenyl) zirconium dimethyl was added as a solid to produce a red slurry. Stirring was continued for 1 hour at 50°C. After this time, the stirring and heating were discontinued. The solvent was stripped overnight in vacuo to give 2.13 g of a flesh colored powder.

20 Composition by mass balance: Zirconium: 0.013 mmol/g catalyst, Boron: 0.11 mmol/g catalyst.

Supported Metallocene Catalyst System 3C

25 **racemic dimethylsiladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-di-tertbutylphenyl)-2-methylindenyl)zirconium dimethyl/NCA**

30 This catalyst preparation used the same raw materials as above. In a 50 mL beaker, 2.68 g (0.58 mmol) of an 11.05-wt% solution of tris (perfluorophenyl) borane in toluene was massed. 0.088 g (0.59 mmol) of N, N-diethylaniline was added followed by 15 g of toluene. A pink solution resulted. This solution was pipetted into a 100 mL round bottom flask containing 5.0 g of silica and a magnetic stir bar. 1.0 g of toluene was used to rinse the beaker, pipette, and the

sides of the flask. The flask was heated to 50 °C in an oil bath. The mixture was stirred for 30 minutes. 0.0061g (0.075 mmol) of the dimethylsiladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-di-tertbutylphenyl)-2-methylindenyl) zirconium dimethyl was added as a solid to produce a red slurry. Stirring was continued for 30 minutes at 50°C. After this time, the stirring and heating were discontinued. The solvent was stripped overnight in vacuo to give 5.36 g of a flesh colored powder. Composition by mass balance: Zr: 0.013 mmol/g catalyst, B: 0.11 mmol/g catalyst.

EXAMPLE 4

racemic [9-Silafluorenebis(4-(3',5'-di-*t*-butylphenyl)-2-methylindene]zirconium dichloride

4-[3',5'-di-*t*-butylphenyl]-2-methylindene

4-Chloro-2-methylindene (6.1 g, 37 mmol) and NiCl₂(PPh₃)₂ (1.8g, 2.8 mmol) were dissolved in 150 mL of Et₂O. 3,5-Di-*t*-butylphenylmagnesium bromide (10 g, 37 mmol) as a Et₂O solution was added to the solution and the reaction was stirred overnight at room temperature. After overnight stirring, the reaction was slowly quenched with H₂O to neutralize unreacted Grignard. The solution was subsequently treated with 100 mL of 10% HCl(aq), neutralized with saturated sodium bicarbonate aqueous solution. The organic layer was dried with magnesium sulfate and the solvent was removed by rotary evaporation. The remaining residue was loaded onto a silica gel column and eluted with hexane. Yield was 4.6 g (40 %).

lithium 4-[3',5'-di-*t*-butylphenyl]-2-methylindene

4-[3',5'-Di-*t*-butylphenyl]-2-methylindene (4.7 g, 15 mmol) was dissolved in 80 mL of pentane. To this solution was added 5.9 mL of n-BuLi (2.5M in hexane) and the reaction is allowed to stir 4 hours at room temperature. A white solid precipitated from solution and was collected by frit filtration and washed with additional pentane. Yield was 3.6 g (78%).

9-silafluorenebis[4-(3',5'-di-t-butylphenyl)-2-methylindene]

9,9-Dichloro-9-silafluorene (1.2 g, 9.2 mmol) was dissolved in 80 mL of THF. To this solution was slowly added lithium 4-(3',5'-di-t-butylphenyl)-2-methylindene (3.0 g, 9.2 mmol) as a dry powder and the solution was stirred overnight. After this time, the solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was taken up in diethyl ether. The solution was filtered through a frit to remove LiCl and the solvent was removed in vacuo and used as a crude product (4.1 g) for the next step.

[9-silafluorenebis(4-(3',5'-di-t-butylphenyl)-2-methylindene)]ZrCl₂

The crude solid from the previous step (4.1 g, 5.5 mmol) was taken up in 50 mL of diethyl ether. To this solution was slowly added n-BuLi (4.4 mL, 2.5 M in hexane) and stirred for 3 hours at room temperature. The solution was cooled to -30°C and ZrCl₄ (1.28 g, 4.6 mmol) was added as a dry powder and stirred at room temperature for two hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and toluene as added to the crude residue. The solution was filtered to remove LiCl. The filtrate was concentrated and pentane is added under heating. The solution was cooled to induce crystallization. Yield of pure racemic isomer was 187 mgs (3.7 %).

Supported Metallocene Catalyst System 4

racemic [9-silafluorenebis(4-(3',5'-di-t-butylphenyl)-2-methylindene]zirconium dichloride

In a 100 mL round bottom flask racemic [9-Silafluorenebis(4-(3',5'-di-t-butylphenyl)-2-methylindene]zirconium dichloride (0.085 g) was added to a MAO solution (6.74 g, 7.2 mL) and stirred twenty minutes. This was filtered through a medium glass frit funnel and washed with toluene (14 mL). To the combined filtrates was added dehydrated silica (4.0 g, Davison 948 Regular, 600°C dehydration). This slurry was stirred for twenty minutes, then dried at 40 °C for two minutes under vacuum on a rotary evaporator until the liquid evaporated, and then the solid was further dried a total of about two hours and twenty minutes.

The supported catalyst was recovered as a pink reddish, free flowing solid (5.24 g).

EXAMPLE 5

5 **racemic [9-silafluorenebis(4-(3',5'-di-*t*-butylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene]zirconium dichloride**

4-[3',5'-di-*t*-butylphenyl]-2-isopropylindene

10 4-Chloro-2-isopropylindene (7.2 g, 37 mmol) and NiCl₂(PPh₃)₂ (1.8 g, 2.8 mmol) were dissolved in 150 mL of Et₂O. 3,5-Di-*t*-butylphenylmagnesium bromide (10 g, 37 mmol) as a Et₂O solution was added to the solution and the reaction was stirred overnight at room temperature. After overnight stirring, the reaction was slowly quenched with H₂O to neutralize unreacted Grignard. The solution was subsequently treated with 100 mL of 10% HCl(aq), neutralized with
15 saturated sodium bicarbonate aqueous solution. The organic layer was dried with magnesium sulfate and the solvent was removed by rotary evaporation. The remaining residue was loaded onto a silica gel column and eluted with hexane. Yield is 5.8 g (45 %).

20 **lithium 4-[3',5'-di-*t*-butylphenyl]-2-isopropylindene**

 4-[3',5'-di-*t*-butylphenyl]-2-isopropylindene (5.8 g, 17 mmol) was dissolved in 80 mL of pentane. To this solution was added 6.6 mL of *n*-BuLi (2.5M in hexane) and the reaction was allowed to stir 4 hours at room temperature. A white solid precipitated from solution and was collected by frit
25 funnel filtration and washed with additional pentane. Yield is 5.0 g (87 %).

silafluorenebis[4-(3',5'-bis[*t*-butyl]phenyl)-2-isopropylindene

 9,9-Dichloro-9-silafluorene (1.1 g, 8.5 mmol) was dissolved in 80 mL of THF. To this solution was slowly added lithium 4-(3',5'-di-*t*-butylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene (3.0 g, 8.5 mmol) as a dry powder and the solution was stirred
30 overnight. After this time, the solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was taken up in diethyl ether. The solution was filtered through frit to remove LiCl and

the solvent was removed in vacuo and used as a crude product (3.9 g) for the next step.

9-silafluorenebis(4-(3',5'-di-t-butylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene)ZrCl₂

5 The crude solid from the previous step (3.9 g, 4.6 mmol) was taken up in 50 mL of diethyl ether. To this solution was slowly added n-BuLi (3.7 mL, 2.5 M in hexane) and stirred for 3 hours at room temperature. The solution was cooled to -30°C and ZrCl₄ (1.1 g, 4.6 mmol) was added as a dry powder and stirred at room temperature for two hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and toluene
10 was added to the crude residue. The solution was filtered to remove LiCl. The filtrate was concentrated and pentane added under heating. The solution was cooled to induce crystallization. Yield of pure racemic isomer was 280 mgs (6.0 %).

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Supported Metallocene Catalyst System 5

racemic [9-silafluorenebis(4-(3',5'-di-t-butylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene]zirconium dichloride

20 In a 100 mL round bottom flask racemic [[9-Silafluorenebis(4-(3',5'-di-t-butylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene]zirconium dichloride (0.090 g) was added to a MAO solution (6.74 g, 7.2 mL) and stirred twenty minutes. This was filtered through a medium glass frit funnel and washed with toluene (14 mL). To the combined filtrates was added dehydrated silica (4.0 g, Davison 948 Regular, 600°C dehydration). This slurry was stirred for twenty minutes, then dried at 40
25 °C for two minutes under vacuum on a rotary evaporator until the liquid evaporated and then the solid was further dried a total of about two hours and twenty minutes. The supported catalyst was recovered as a light purple, free flowing solid (5.17 g).

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EXAMPLE 6**dimethylsiladiyl-bis-(2-methyl-4-(3',5'-di-methylphenyl)indenyl)zirconium
dichloride**5 4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-methylindene

4-Chloro-2-methylindene (8.9 g, 54 mmol) and $\text{NiCl}_2(\text{PPh}_3)_2$ (1.8g, 2.8 mmol) were dissolved in 150 mL of Et_2O . 3,5-Dimethylphenylmagnesium bromide (10g, 54 mmol) as a Et_2O solution was added to the solution and the reaction was stirred overnight at room temperature. After overnight stirring, the reaction was slowly quenched with H_2O to neutralize unreacted Grignard. The solution was subsequently treated with 100 mL of 10% $\text{HCl}(\text{aq})$, neutralized with saturated sodium bicarbonate aqueous solution. The organic layer was dried with magnesium sulfate and the solvent was removed by rotary evaporation. The remaining residue was loaded onto a silica gel column and eluted with hexane. Yield was 5.6 g (44%).

15 lithium 4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-methylindene

4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-methylindene (5.6 g, 23.9 mmol) was dissolved in 80 mL of pentane. To this solution was added 9.6 mL of n-BuLi (2.5M in hexane) and the reaction was allowed to stir 4 hours at room temperature. A white solid precipitated from solution and was collected by frit filtration and washed with additional pentane. Yield was 4.5 g (80 %).

20 dimethylsilylbis[4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-methylindene

SiMe_2Cl_2 (1.2 g, 9.4 mmol) was dissolved in 80 mL of THF. While stirring, lithium 4-(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-2-methylindenide (4.5 g, 18.7 mmol) was added as a dry powder and the contents were allowed to stir overnight at room temperature. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was taken up in pentane and filtered to remove LiCl salts. The pentane was removed in vacuo to yield a flaky white solid (4.23 g, 87 %).

dimethylsiladiylbis[4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-methylindene]ZrCl₂

Dimethylsilylbis[4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-methylindene] (4.23 g, 8.0 mmol) was dissolved in 60 mL of Et₂O. While stirring, 6.4 mL of n-BuLi (2.5M in hexane) was added and allowed to stir at room temperature for two hours. After this time, the solution was cooled to -35°C and ZrCl₄ (1.58 g, 8.0 mmol) was added and allowed to stir at room temperature for 3 hours. The solvent was then removed in vacuo and the residue was taken up in a mixture of methylene chloride and pentane and filtered to remove LiCl salts. The filtrate was then concentrated and chilled to -35°C to induce crystallization. 0.23 g (5.0%) of pure racemic compound was obtained.

Supported Metallocene Catalyst System 6dimethylsiladiyl-bis-(2-methyl-4-(3',5'-di-methylphenyl)indenyl)zirconium dichloride/MAO

In a 100 mL round bottom flask Dimethylsiladiyl-bis-(2-methyl-4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)indenyl) zirconium dichloride (0.061 g) was added to a MAO solution (6.74 g, 7.4 mL) and stirred twenty minutes. This was filtered through a medium glass frit funnel and washed with toluene (14 mL). To the combined filtrates was added dehydrated silica (4.0 g, Davison 948 Regular, 600°C dehydration). This slurry was stirred for twenty minutes, then dried at 40 °C for two minutes under vacuum on a rotary evaporator until the liquid evaporated, and then the solid was dried a total of about two hours and thirty four minutes. The supported catalyst was recovered as a light orange, free flowing solid (5.36 g).

EXAMPLE 7dimethylsiladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-bistrifluoromethylphenyl)-2-methylindenyl)zirconium dichloride4-[3',5'-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-methylindene

4-Bromo-2-methylindene (10.7 g, 51 mmol) and NiCl₂(PPh₃)₂ (1.8 g, 2.8 mmol) were dissolved in 150 mL of Et₂O. 3,5-

bis(trifluoromethyl)phenylmagnesium bromide (51 mmol) as a Et₂O solution was added under vigorous stirring and the reaction stirred overnight at room temperature. After overnight stirring, the reaction was slowly quenched with H₂O to neutralize unreacted Grignard. The solution was subsequently treated with 100 mL of 10% HCl(aq), and neutralized with saturated sodium bicarbonate aqueous solution. The organic layer was dried with magnesium sulfate and the solvent was removed by rotary evaporation. The remaining residue was loaded onto a silica gel column and eluted with hexane. Yield was 2.2 g (13 %).

lithium 4-[3',5'-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-methylindenide

4-[3',5'-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-methylindene (2.2 g, 6.5 mmol) was dissolved in 50 mL of pentane. To this solution was added 2.6 mL of n-BuLi (2.5M in hexane) and the reaction was allowed to stir 4 hours at room temperature. A yellow-white solid precipitated from solution and was collected by frit filtration and washed with additional pentane. Yield was 1.6 g (73%).

dimethylsiladiylbis[4-(3',5'-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2-methylindene]

SiMe₂Cl₂ (0.48 g, 3.7 mmol) was dissolved in 80 mL of THF. While stirring, lithium 4-[3',5'-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-methylindenide (2.6 g, 7.5 mmol) was added as a dry powder and the contents were allowed to stir overnight at room temperature. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue taken up in pentane and filtered to remove LiCl salts. The pentane was removed in vacuo, and the crude product is loaded onto a silica gel column and eluted with hexane. Yield was 2.2 g (80 %)

dimethylsiladiylbis[4-(3',5'-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2-methylindene]ZrCl₂

Dimethylsiladiylbis[4-(3',5'-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2-methylindene] (2.2g, 3.0 mmol) was dissolved in 50 mL of Et₂O. While stirring, 2.4 mL of n-BuLi (2.5M in hexane) was added and allowed to stir at room temperature for two hours. After this time, the solution was cooled to -35°C and ZrCl₄ (0.69 g, 3.0 mmol) was added and allowed to stir at room temperature for 3 hours. The solvent was then removed in vacuo and the residue taken up in toluene and filtered

to remove LiCl salts. The filtrate was then concentrated and chilled to -35°C to induce crystallization. 90 mg (3.3 %) of pure racemic compound was obtained.

Supported Metallocene Catalyst System 7

5 **dimethylsiladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-bistrifluoromethylphenyl)-2-methyl-indenyl)zirconium dichloride/MAO**

10 In a 100 mL round bottom flask dimethylsiladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-bistrifluoromethylphenyl)-2-methyl-indenyl)zirconium dichloride (0.075 g) was added to a MAO solution (6.32 g, 6.75 mL) and stirred twenty minutes. This was filtered through a medium glass frit funnel and washed with toluene (13 mL). To the combined filtrates was added dehydrated silica (3.75 g, Davison 948 Regular, 600°C dehydration). This slurry was stirred for thirty minutes then dried at 40°C for two minutes under vacuum on a rotary evaporator until the liquid evaporated and then the solid was further dried a total of about two hours and twenty minutes. 15 The supported catalyst was recovered as a dull red pink, free flowing solid (5.03 g).

EXAMPLE 8

20 **dimethylsiladiylbis(4-(3',5'-bis-trimethylsilyl-phenyl)-2-methylindenyl)zirconium dichloride**

3,5-Dibromo-trimethylsilyl-benzene

42.4 g of Tribromobenzene (134.6 mmol) was dissolved in 600 mL Et₂O. 25 The solution was chilled to -55°C, at which temperature starting material precipitated. 54 mL of n-BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes, 135 mmol) were added within 20 minutes. After stirring for 35 minutes at -52°C, 20 ml TMSCl (158 mmol) and 20 mL Et₂O were added within 7 minutes. The suspension turned into a solution at -42°C, and a fine precipitate appeared at -30°C. The suspension was stirred overnight at room temperature. 100 mL 2M HCl were used to hydrolyze the 30 mixture. After stirring for 30 minutes, the Et₂O-phase was dried with MgSO₄, filtered, and solvent evaporated until compound crystallized out of solution. The

flask was stored overnight at +4°C. The crystalline compound was filtered, washed with a small amount cold pentane, and dried under vacuo. A second fraction of crystalline compound was obtained from the filtrate. Yield: 31.9 g (103.5 mmol, 77%). ¹H-NMR (CHCl₃ = 7.24ppm): δ 7.62 (t, 1H), 7.49 (d, 2H), 0.25 (s, 3×3H).

3,5-Bis-trimethylsilyl-bromobenzene

17.18 g of 3,5-Dibromo-trimethylsilyl-benzene, 55.8 mmol, was dissolved in 380 ml Et₂O. The solution was chilled to -68°C, and 22.3 mL of n-BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes), 55.8 mmol, were added within 18 minutes. The solution changed its color from clear to yellow, and was stirred for 45 minutes at -68°C. 7.5 mL TMSCl, 59 mmol, were added within six minutes. The temperature of solution rose within one hour to -33°C, and after another 30 minutes to -18°C. The solution was stirred overnight at room temperature. 60 mL of 2M HCl were added to the white suspension. Stirring for 30 minutes resulted in two clear phases. Et₂O-phase was dried with MgSO₄, filtered, and solvent evaporated. Raw product was distilled at a temperature of 70-76°C and 0.1-0.2 mbar. All pure fractions were combined and gave 15.8 g of product (52.4 mmol, 94%). ¹H-NMR (CHCl₃ = 7.24ppm): δ 7.56 (s, 2H), 7.50 (t, 1H), 0.25 (s, 6×3H).

4-(3',5'-Bis-trimethylsilyl-phenyl)-2-methylindene

Preparation of the Grignard salt: A 100 mL flask was charged with 2.9 g Mg (119 mmol) and 10ml THF. 15.8 g 3,5-Bis-trimethylsilyl-bromobenzene (52.4 mmol) were dissolved in 45 mL THF and slowly added to the Mg-turnings at room temperature. The reaction started after 5 minutes resulting in a black-brown, hot solution. The mixture was stirred overnight, maintaining a gentle reflux temperature.

Coupling reaction: A 100 mL flask was charged with 8.2 g 4-chloro-2-methylindene (49.8 mmol) and 1.14 g 1,2-bis(diphenylphosphino)ethane nickel(II)chloride (2.16 mmol). At room temperature the Grignard-salt suspension from above was poured to the indene/nickel catalyst suspension. The

suspension was stirred for 16 hours at gentle reflux temperature. While stirring, 5ml water and 10 mL 10% aqueous HCl were added. The THF phase was separated, the water phase washed with Et₂O, and the combined organic phases dried with MgSO₄. Purification by column chromatography followed after evaporation of the solvent. Silica was used as the stationary phase and pentane as the solvent. Later the solvent was changed to a pentane/Et₂O mixture (98:2). All fractions containing product were combined, the solvent completely evaporated. Yield was 15.35 g, 43.8 mmol (83.5%). The product is a mixture of two diastereomers. ¹H-NMR (CHCl₃ = 7.24ppm): δ 7.67-7.63 (m, 2×3H), 7.37-7.10 (m, 2×3H), 6.61 (s, 1H), 6.53 (d, 1H), 3.36 (s, 2H), 3.34 (s, 2H), 2.13 (s, 2×3H), 0.29 (s, 2×18H).

Dimethylsiladiylbis(4-(3',5'-bis-trimethylsilyl-phenyl)- 2-methylindene)

15 15.35 g 4-(3',5'-Bis-trimethylsilyl-phenyl)- 2-methyl-indene (43.8 mmol) were dissolved in 70 mL THF. A second flask was charged with 2.6 g KH, and 70 mL THF. At a temperature of -65°C the indene solution was added within 20 minutes to the KH suspension. After stirring at room temperature for two hours the solid was allowed to settle for 30 minutes, and the red solution transferred to a new flask. A few ml THF were added to the KH suspension, let stir and settle, and transferred also this solution to the new flask. 2.6 mL Dimethyldichlorosilane (21.4 mmol) were added to the K-salt solution at -35°C. The solution was stirred over night at room temperature. Addition of 10 ml sat. NH₄Cl solution stopped the reaction. The solution was filtered from a white precipitate, and dried with MgSO₄. Addition of 22 g silica and complete evaporation of solvent gave a silica/raw product mixture. Column chromatography was done over 250 g silica with pentane/Et₂O mixtures of 99:1 to 96:4. Obtained were 11.2 g product (14.79 mmol, 67.5%), and 2.7g of a less pure fraction. The product is a mixture of two isomers. ¹H-NMR (CHCl₃ = 7.24ppm): δ 7.68-7.14 (m, 2×12H), 6.78 (m, 2×2H), 3.85 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 2H), 2.24 (s, 6H), 2.23 (s, 6H), 0.31 (2s, 2×36H), -0.19 (s, 3H), -0.23 (s, 3H), -0.26 (s, 6H).

Dimethylsiladiylbis(4-(3',5'-bis-trimethylsilyl-phenyl)-2-methylindenyl)

zirconium dichloride

4.1g Silane from above (5.4mmol) were dissolved in 50 mL THF. At a cooling bath temperature of -83°C, 4.3 mL n-BuLi (2.5M in hexanes, 10.8 mmol) were added within one minute. The color of the solution turned from yellow to red-brown. The solution was warmed to -30°C within 100 minutes and then stirred at room temperature for 100 minutes. The solvent was completely evaporated, 13 mL toluene were added following again complete evaporation of the solvent. The residue was dissolved in 50ml toluene and cooled to -82°C. Addition of 1.26 g ZrCl₂ (5.41 mmol) resulted in a light brown suspension. The suspension was stirred overnight at room temperature, refluxed for 5.5 hours, and again stirred overnight at room temperature. This resulted in an orange suspension. Filtration over celite and complete evaporation of toluene gave an orange solid. 40 mL Pentane was added to the solid, and the suspension stirred. Filtration, using a frit, washing with 3 mL cold pentane, and drying under vacuo gave fraction 1 (1.56 g). Rac/meso ratio of fraction 1 is 8:92. All solvent was evaporated from the filtrate, and exactly 8 mL pentane were added to dissolve the residue. The solution was placed in a freezer at -35°C which initiated the crystallization of a solid compound. Filtration, using a frit, washing with a few mL cold pentane, and drying under vacuo gave fraction 2 (0.63g). Rac/meso ratio of fraction 2 is 85:15. All solvent was evaporated from the filtrate, and the solid kept as fraction 3 (1.77g). Rac/meso ratio of fraction 3 is 73:27. ¹H-NMR (CHCl₃ = 7.24ppm): δ 7.78 (s, 2×2H), 7.70 (d, 2×1H), 7.64 (s, 2×1H), 7.41 (d, 2×1H), 7.12 (m, 2×1H), 6.91 (s, 2×1H), 2.25 (s, 2×3H), 1.32 (s, 2×3H), 0.24 (s, 12×3H) for the racemic zirconocene, and δ 7.72 (s, 2×2H), 7.66 (s, 2×1H), 7.62 (s, 2×1H), 7.12 (d, 2×1H), 6.88 (m, 2×1H), 6.75 (s, 2×1H), 2.43 (s, 2×3H), 1.46 (s, 3H), 1.23 (s, 3H), 0.25 (s, 12×3H) for the meso zirconocene.

Supported Metallocene Catalyst System 8**dimethylsiladiylbis(4-(3',5'-bis-trimethylsilyl-phenyl)-2-methylindenyl)zirconium dichloride/MAO**

5 In a 100 mL round bottom flask Dimethylsiladiylbis(4-(3',5'-bis-trimethylsilyl-phenyl)-2-methylindenyl) zirconium dichloride (0.080 g) was added to a MAO solution (6.74 g, 7.3 mL) and stirred twenty minutes. This was filtered through a medium glass frit funnel and washed with toluene (14 mL). To the combined filtrates was added dehydrated silica (4.0 g, Davison 948 Regular,
10 600°C dehydration). This slurry was stirred for twenty minutes, then dried at 40 °C for two minutes under vacuum on a rotary evaporator until the liquid evaporated, and then the solid was further dried a total of about 4 hours and thirty minutes. The supported catalyst was recovered as a pink red, free flowing solid (5.15 g).

15

EXAMPLE 9**dimethylsiladiylbis[4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene]zirconium dichloride**

20

4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene

4-chloro-2-isopropylindene (10.0 g, 54 mmol) and $\text{NiCl}_2(\text{PPh}_3)_2$ (1.8 g, 2.8 mmol) were dissolved in 150 mL of Et_2O . 3,5-dimethylphenylmagnesium bromide (54 mmol) as a Et_2O solution was added under vigorous stirring and the reaction was stirred overnight at room temperature. After overnight stirring, the
25 reaction was slowly quenched with H_2O to neutralize unreacted Grignard. The solution was subsequently treated with 100 mL of 10% $\text{HCl}(\text{aq})$, neutralized with saturated sodium bicarbonate aqueous solution. The organic layer was dried with magnesium sulfate and the solvent was removed by rotary evaporation. The remaining residue was loaded onto a silica gel column and eluted with hexane.
30 Yield was 5.5 g (39%).

lithium 4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindenide

4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene (5.5 g, 21 mmol) was dissolved in 80 mL of pentane. To this solution was added 8.3 mL of n-BuLi (2.5M in hexane) and the reaction was allowed to stir 4 hours at room temperature. A white solid precipitated from solution and was collected by frit filtration and washed with additional pentane. Yield was 3.3 g (60%).

Dimethylsiladiylbis[4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene]

SiMe₂Cl₂ (0.69 g, 5.4 mmol) was dissolved in 80 mL of THF. While stirring, lithium 4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindenide (2.9 g, 11 mmol) was added as a dry powder and the contents allowed to stir overnight at room temperature. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was taken up in pentane and filtered to removed LiCl salts. The pentane was removed in vacuo to yield a flaky white solid (2.1 g, 67%).

Dimethylsiladiylbis[4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene]ZrCl₂

Dimethylsiladiylbis[4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene] (2.1 g, 3.6 mmol) was dissolved in 60 mL of Et₂O. While stirring, 2.9 mL of n-BuLi (2.5M in hexane) was added and allowed to stir at room temperature for two hours. After this time, the solution was cooled to -35°C and ZrCl₄ (0.83 g, 3.6 mmol) was added and allowed to stir at room temperature for 3 hours. The solvent was then removed in vacuo and the residue taken up in toluene and filtered to remove LiCl salts. The filtrate was then concentrated and chilled to -35°C to induce crystallization. 0.24 g (6.0%) of pure racemic compound was obtained.

Supported Metallocene Catalyst System 9

**dimethylsiladiylbis[4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene]zirconium
dichloride/MAO**

In a 100 mL round bottom flask dimethylsiladiylbis[4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene]zirconium dichloride (0.066 g) was added to the MAO solution (6.74 g, 7.2 mL) and stirred twenty minutes. This was filtered

through a medium glass frit funnel and washed with toluene (14 mL). To the combined filtrates was added dehydrated silica (4.0 g, Davison 948 Regular, 600°C dehydration). This slurry was stirred for twenty minutes, then dried at 40 °C for two minutes under vacuum on a rotary evaporator until the liquid
5 evaporated, and then the solid was further dried a total of about two hours and thirty minutes. The supported catalyst was recovered as a purple, free flowing solid (5.11g).

EXAMPLE 10

[9-silafluorenebis(4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene]zirconium dichloride

2,2'-Dibromobiphenyl

To a stirred solution of *o*-dibromobenzene (47.3 g, 0.2 mol) in 450 mL of
15 anhydrous THF was added 76.4 mL of n-BuLi (1.0M in Et₂O). The *o*-dibromobenzene solution was cooled in a dry ice/acetone bath. The yellow-green reaction mixture was allowed to warm to 5°C and was then hydrolyzed with 100 mL of 5% hydrochloric acid. The resulting layers were separated and the aqueous layer extracted 4 times with 4 x 20 mL portions of diethyl ether. The ether
20 washings were combined with the original organic layer, the whole was dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and concentrated by distillation until the distillation temperature reached 70°C. The residue was treated with 50 mL of absolute ethanol and cooled to give 2,2'-dibromobiphenyl. Yield was 2.32 g (7.4%)

9,9-Dichloro-9-silafluorene

Lithium wire (3.33 g, 0.08 mol) was washed with pentane, carefully cut into small pieces, and suspended in 150 mL of Et₂O. While stirring, 2,2-dibromobiphenyl (25 g, 0.08 mol) 100 mL of diethyl ether was added dropwise over 1 hour and the contents were allowed to stir for 10 hours. The mixture was
30 filtered through a frit to remove any unreacted Li and LiBr. The filtrate was loaded into an addition funnel and slowly dropped into a solution containing SiCl₄ (50 g, 0.08 mol) in 200 mL of Et₂O. After addition, the contents were stirred at

room temperature for 5 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and 300 mL of pentane was added. The solution was filtered to remove LiCl and the solvents were again removed in vacuo. The solids were then loaded into a sublimator and allowed to sublime at 150°C under full vacuum. Yield was 10.0 g (51%).

5 4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene

4-chloro-2-isopropylindene (10 g, 54 mmol) and NiCl₂(PPh₃)₂ (1.8 g, 2.8 mmol) were dissolved in 150 mL of Et₂O. 3,5-Dimethylphenylmagnesium bromide (54 mmol) as a Et₂O solution was added under vigorous stirring and the reaction was stirred overnight at room temperature. After overnight stirring, the reaction was slowly quenched with H₂O to neutralize unreacted Grignard. The solution was subsequently treated with 100 mL of 10% HCl(aq) neutralized with saturated sodium bicarbonate aqueous solution. The organic layer was dried with magnesium sulfate and the solvent was removed by rotary evaporation. The remaining residue was loaded onto a silica gel column and eluted with hexane. Yield was 5.5 g (39%).

lithium 4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene

4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-methylindene (5.6 g, 24 mmol) was dissolved in 80 mL of pentane. To this solution was added 9.6 mL of n-BuLi (2.5M in hexane) and the reaction was allowed to stir 4 hours at room temperature. A white solid precipitated from solution and was collected by frit filtration and washed with additional pentane. Yield was 4.5 g (80 %).

9-silafluorenebis(4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene

25 9,9-dichloro-9-silafluorene (1.4 g, 11 mmol) was dissolved in 80 mL of THF. To this solution was slowly added lithium 4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-methylindene (3.0 g, 11 mmol) as a dry powder and the solution was stirred overnight. After this time, the solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was taken up in diethyl ether. The solution was filtered through frit to remove LiCl and the solvent was removed in vacuo and used as a crude product (2.1 g) for the next step.

[9-silafluorenebis(4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene)]ZrCl₂

The crude solid from the previous step (2.1 g, 3.2 mmol) was taken up in 50 mL of diethyl ether. To this solution was slowly added n-BuLi (2.56 mL, 2.5 M in hexane) and then stirred for 3 hours at room temperature. The solution was cooled to -30°C and ZrCl₄ (0.74 g, 3.2 mmol) was added as a dry powder and stirred at room temperature for two hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and toluene was added to the crude residue. The solution was filtered to remove LiCl. The filtrate was concentrated and pentane was added under heating. The solution was cooled to induce crystallization. Yield of pure rac/meso metallocene was 120 mgs (3.8%).

Supported Metallocene Catalyst System 10

Rac/meso [9-silafluorenebis(4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene)]zirconium dichloride/MAO

In a 100 mL round bottom flask rac/meso [9-silafluorenebis(4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene)]zirconium dichloride (0.076 g) was added to the MAO solution (6.74 g, 7.2 mL) and stirred twenty minutes. This was filtered through a medium glass frit funnel and washed with toluene (14 mL). To the combined filtrates was added dehydrated silica (4.0 g, Davison 948 Regular, 600°C dehydration). This slurry was stirred for twenty minutes, then dried at 40 °C for two minutes under vacuum on a rotary evaporator until the liquid evaporated, and then the solid was further dried a total of about two hours and thirty minutes. The supported catalyst was recovered as a dull purple, free flowing solid (5.06 g).

POLYMERIZATIONS

Isotactic Polypropylene Homopolymer

The polymerization procedure for producing homopolymers with the supported catalyst systems prepared as described above was as follows. In a clean, dry two liter autoclave which had been flushed with propylene vapor,

TEAL scavenger (0.3 mL, 1.5M) was added. Hydrogen gas was added at this point if indicated. The quantity of hydrogen is 1.55 millimoles for each psi added as shown in the Tables. The reactor was closed and filled with 800 mL liquid propylene. After heating the reactor to the indicated polymerization temperature, the catalyst was added by washing in with propylene (200 mL). After the indicated time, typically one hour, the reactor was cooled, and the excess propylene vented. The polymer was removed and dried.

Random copolymer (RCP)

The polymerization procedure for producing random copolymers with the supported catalyst systems prepared as described above was as follows. In a clean, dry two liter autoclave which had been flushed with propylene vapor, TEAL scavenger (0.3 mL, 1.5M) was added. Hydrogen gas was added at this point if indicated. The quantity of hydrogen is 1.55 millimoles for each psi added as shown in the Tables. The reactor was closed and filled with 800 mL liquid propylene. After heating the reactor to 60 °C, a partial pressure of ethylene was added as indicated and then the catalyst was added by washing in with propylene (200 mL). Ethylene gas was fed to maintain a constant pressure. After the indicated time, typically one hour, the reactor was cooled, and the excess propylene and ethylene vented. The polymer was removed and dried.

Impact Copolymers (ICP)

The polymerization procedure for producing ICP with the supported catalyst systems prepared as described above was as follows. In a clean, dry two liter autoclave which had been flushed with propylene vapor, TEAL scavenger (0.3 mL, 1.5M) was added. Hydrogen gas was added at this point. The quantity of hydrogen is 1.55 millimoles for each psi added as shown in the Tables. The reactor was closed and filled with 800 mL liquid propylene. After heating the reactor to 70 °C, the catalyst was added by washing in with propylene (200 mL). After the indicated time, typically one hour, the reactor was vented to about 170 psig pressure and then an ethylene/propylene gas mixture was passed through the reactor at the rates indicated while maintaining 200 psig. At the end of the gas

phase stage, typically 90 to 150 minutes, the reactor was vented and cooled under N₂. The granular ICP polymer was removed and dried.

Polymerization run numbers 1-14 were made using Supported Comparison
5 Metallocene Catalyst System 1. Results are reported in Tables 1 and 2.

Polymerization run numbers 15-25 made using Supported Comparison
Metallocene Catalyst System 2 Results are reported in Tables 3 and 4.

Polymerization run numbers 26-39 were made using Supported
10 Metallocene Catalyst System 3A. Results are reported in Tables 5 and 6.

Polymerization run numbers 40-45 were made using Supported
Metallocene Catalyst System 3B. Results are reported in Tables 7 and 8.

Polymerization run numbers 46-64 were made using Supported
15 Metallocene Catalyst System 3C. Results are reported in Tables 9 and 10.

Polymerization run numbers 65-71 were made using Supported
20 Metallocene Catalyst System 4. Results are reported in Tables 11 and 12.

Polymerization run numbers 72-88 were made using Supported
Metallocene Catalyst System 5. Results are reported in Tables 13 and 14.

Polymerization run numbers 89-98 were made using Supported
25 Metallocene Catalyst System 6. Results are reported in Tables 15 and 16.

Polymerization run numbers 99-111 were made using Supported
Metallocene Catalyst System 7. Results are reported in Tables 17 and 18.

Polymerization run numbers 112-116 were made using Supported
30 Metallocene Catalyst System 8. Results are reported in Tables 19 and 20.

Polymerization run numbers 117-132 were made using Supported Metallocene Catalyst System 9. Results are reported in Tables 21 and 22.

5 Polymerization run numbers 133 and 134 were made using Supported Metallocene Catalyst System 10. Results are reported in Tables 23 and 24.

POLYMER ANALYSIS

10 Molecular weight determinations were made by gel permeation chromatography (GPC) according to the following technique. Molecular weights and molecular weight distributions were measured using a Waters 150C gel permeation chromatography equipped with Shodex (Showa Denko) AT-806MS columns and a differential refractive index (DRI) detector operating at 145°C with
15 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene as the mobile phase at a 1.0 mL/min. flow rate. The sample injection volume was 300 microliters. The columns were calibrated using narrow polystyrene standards to generate a universal calibration curve. The polypropylene calibration curve was established using $k = 8.33 \times 10^{-5}$ and $a = 0.800$ as the Mark-Houwink coefficients. The numerical analyses were performed
20 using Waters "Expert-Ease" software running on a VAX 6410 computer.

Ethylene amounts in the random copolymers were determined by FT-IR using a calibration obtained from samples whose composition was determined by NMR.

25

DSC melting points were determined on commercial DSC instruments and are reported as the second melting point. The polymer granules weighing less than 10 milligrams were heated to 230.0°C for ten minutes and then cooled from 230°C to 50°C at 10°C/minute. The sample is held at 50°C for five minutes. The
30 second melt is then recorded as the sample is heated from 50°C to 200°C at a rate of 10°C/minute. The peak temperature is recorded as the second melting point.

ICP Polymer Extraction Method

The ICP polymer was dissolved in hot xylene and then allowed to cool overnight. After filtration the insolubles are dried. The xylene soluble portion was evaporated and the soluble material recovered. The IV of the recovered soluble material was measured in decalin at 135°C by using known methods and instruments such as a Schott A VSPRO Viscosity Automatic Sampler.

At very high ICP MFR this method can extract some low molecular weight isotactic PP and thus lower the observed IV.

ICP Polymer Fractionation Method

The ICP samples were sent to Polyhedron Laboratories, Inc. to be fractionated and analyzed by GPC. A generally described of the procedure is found in the reference J. C. Randall, J. Poly. Sci.: Part A Polymer Chemistry, Vol. 36, 1527-1542 (1998).

TABLE 1
racemic dimethylsilyladiyl(2-methyl-4-phenylindenyl)₂ zirconium dichloride/MAO - comparison

RUN #	Metallocene Catalyst System (Comparison)	TEMP. (°C)	Cat Amount (mg)	Yield (g)	Efficiency (Kg/g cat)	C2= (delta psi)	H2 (delta psi)	Time split (min.)	C ₂ =/C ₃ = flow rates (l/min.)
1	1	60	67	274.7	4.10	0	0	60	-
2	1	60	45	71.7	1.59	0	0	60	-
3	1	60	40	134.1	3.35	10	0	60	-
4	1	60	42	221.5	5.27	20	0	60	-
5	1	60	30	121.3	4.04	55	0	60	-
6	1	60	30	130.2	4.34	70	0	60	-
7	1	60	30	101.8	3.39	20	0	60	-
8	1	70	45	293.5	6.52	-	50	60	-
9	1	70	31	198.9	6.42	-	50	60	-
10	1	70	30	291.9	9.73	-	50	60/150	4.0/1.0
11	1	70	30	231.3	7.71	-	50	60/90	4.0/1.0
12	1	70	30	224.8	7.49	-	50	60/90	4.1/0.9
13	1	70	30	209.9	7.00	-	50	60/90	3.6/1.4
14	1	70	30	208.2	6.94	-	50	60/90	4.0/1.0

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TABLE 2
racemic dimethylsiladiyl(2-methyl-4-phenylindenyl)₂ zirconium dichloride/MAO - comparison

RUN #	Metallocene Catalyst System (Comparison)	Total Ethylene (wt %)	Ethylene in Rubber (wt%)	Total Rubber (wt %)	Final MFR (g/10 min.)	Melting Point (°C)	MW	MWD	IV Of Copolymer
1	1	-	-	-	0.16	149.2	600.0	2.00	-
2	1	-	-	-	0.54	148.2	664.9	1.92	-
3	1	0.67	-	-	0.84	142.0	349.0	2.09	-
4	1	1.28	-	-	2.57	138.4	280.0	1.95	-
5	1	3.77	-	-	6.48	121.4	255.0	2.04	-
6	1	4.43	-	-	5.95	116.0	301.0	2.30	-
7	1	1.44	-	-	2.05	137.5	330.4	2.23	-
8	1	-	-	-	99.6	150.3	120.6	3.01	-
9	1	-	-	-	58.95	150.9	135.7	3.15	-
10	1	13.23	49.20	26.89	178.5	151.2	81.2	3.37	0.7520
11	1	7.58	47.37	16.00	134.05	150.6	98.4	3.25	0.687
12	1	7.82	50.04	15.63	127.16	150.0	100.4	3.11	0.708
13	1	5.3	38.96	13.60	201.9	150.43	91.2	3.28	0.779
14	1	0.47	64.32	0.73	97.1	150.8	116.8	3.42	not submit.

TABLE 3
racemic dimethylsilyladiyl(2- methyl-4-[1-naphthyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride/MAO - comparison

RUN #	Metallocene Catalyst System	Cat Amount (mg)	Yield (g)	Efficiency (Kg/g cat)	C2= (delta psi)	H2 (delta psi)	Time split (min.)	C ₂ =/C ₃ = flow rates (l/min.)
15	2	76	332.0	4.37	-	40	60	-
16	2	61	260.8	4.28	-	35	60/120	4.0/1.0
17	2	60	266.2	4.44	-	35	60/120	4.4/0.6
18	2	60	272.6	4.54	-	35	60/120	4.2/0.8
19	2	61	196.9	3.23	-	35	60	-
20	2	61	121.2	1.99	20	5	60	-
21	2	61	118.1	1.94	30	5	60	-
22	2	61	137.7	2.26	40	5	60	-
23	2	62	141.9	2.29	50	5	60	-
24	2	60	138.6	2.31	40	10	60	-
25	2	62	234.8	3.79	-	50	60/90	4.0/1.0

TABLE 4
racemic dimethylsilyladiyl(2- methyl-4-[1-naphthyl]indenyl)₂zirconium dichloride/MAO - comparison

RUN #	Metallocene Catalyst System	Total Ethylene (wt %)	Ethylene in Rubber (wt%)	Total Rubber (wt %)	Final MFR (g/10 min.)	Melting Point (°C)	MW	MWD	IV of Copolymer
15	2	-	-	-	4.08	150.5	299.1	2.78	-
16	2	7.76	47.27	16.42	4.76	151.7	212.1	2.68	1.6567
17	2	16.39	61.45	26.67	1.3	150.8	230.9	3.33	1.7048
18	2	9.74	51.52	18.91	4.98	151.0	210.4	2.96	1.7127
19	2	-	-	-	3.12	151.0	278.0	2.49	-
20	2	1.27	-	-	0.19	138.43	603.0	2.59	-
21	2	1.75	-	-	0.15	136.10	614.8	2.59	-
22	2	2.25	-	-	0.196	131.90	604.5	2.31	-
23	2	2.82	-	-	0.213	127.83	579.0	2.36	-
24	2	2.39	-	-	0.225	131.63	542.8	2.41	-
25	2	3.803	48.39	7.86	4.95	151.43	176.8	2.94	1.425

TABLE 5
racemic dimethylsiladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-di-tertbutylphenyl)-2-methylindenyl) zirconium dichloride/MAO

RUN#	Metallocene Catalyst System	Cat Amount (mg)	Temp. (°C)	Yield (g)	Efficiency (Kg/g cat)	C2= (delta psi)	H2 (delta psi)	Time split (min.)	C ₂ =/C ₃ = flow rates (l/min.)
26	3A	46	60	37.8	0.82	-	0	60	-
27	3A	47	60	83.4	1.8	5	0	60	-
28	3A	45	60	125.8	2.8	10	0	60	-
29	3A	46	60	135.0	2.9	20	0	60	-
30	3A	45	60	268.7	6.0	35	0	58	-
31	3A	20	70	111.2	5.6	-	35	60	-
32	3A	32	70	192.8	6.0	-	35	60	-
33	3A	32	70	186.9	5.8	-	25	60/60	4.0/1.0
34	3A	33	70	227.0	6.9	-	35	60/90	4.0/1.0
35	3A	33	70	245.5	7.4	-	35	60/120	4.0/1.0
36	3A	32	70	204.9	6.4	-	35	60/90	3.6/1.4
37	3A	30	70	194.7	6.5	-	35	45/120	4.0/1.0
38	3A	30	70	238.0	7.9	-	35	60/120	4.4/0.6
39	3A	33	70	266.9	8.1	-	35	60/120	4.2/0.8

TABLE 6
racemic dimethylsiladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-di-tertbutylphenyl)-2-methylindenyl) zirconium dichloride/MAO

RUN#	Metallocene Catalyst System	Total Ethylene (wt %)	Ethylene in Rubber (wt%)	Total Rubber (wt %)	Final MFR (g/10 min.)	Melting Point (°C)	MW	MWD	IV of Copolymer
26	3A	-	-	-	0.12	156.63	681.3	2.44	-
27	3A	0.095	-	-	0.6	153.77	569.1	2.43	-
28	3A	0.34	-	-	1.63	150.23	428.2	2.49	-
29	3A	1.3	-	-	2.65	144.43	316.8	1.91	-
30	3A	1.8	-	-	4.78	140.97	271.4	1.86	-
31	3A	-	-	-	15.03	156.77	192.9	2.37	-
32	3A	-	-	-	6.88	157.37, 143.3minor	220.4	2.50	-
33	3A	4.58	41.88	10.9	7.37	156.57	267.8	3.65	1.003
34	3A	3.87	41.02	9.43	15.37	156.97	185.2	3.21	0.957
35	3A	6.18	41.17	15.0	15.88	157.17	172.2	3.44	0.841
36	3A	3.84	27.28	14.1	12.76	156.50	227.4	3.32	0.824
37	3A	7.45	39.17	19.0	18.61	156.83	163.8	3.23	0.844
38	3A	11.19	54.72	20.4	6.76	157.37	233.5	3.62	1.039
39	3A	7.88	46.66	16.9	12.75	156.43	194.6	3.17	0.876

TABLE 7
racemic dimethylsilyladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-di-tertbutylphenyl)-2-methylindenyl) zirconium dimethyl/NCA

RUN NUMBER	Metallocene Catalyst System	Cat Amount (mg)	Temp. (°C)	Yield (g)	Efficiency (Kg/g cat)	H2 (delta psi)	Time split (min.)	C ₂ =/C ₃ = flow rates (l/min.)
40	3B	47	60	2.9	0.06	0	60	-
41	3B	202	60	17.2	0.85	0	60	-
42	3B	33	70	162.9	4.94	35	60	-
43	3B	34	70	203.1	5.97	35	60/120	4.2/0.8
44	3B	31	70	187.5	6.05	35	60/120	4.4/0.6
45	3B	31	70	169.7	5.47	35	60/60	4.2/0.8

TABLE 8
racemic dimethylsiladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-di-tertbutylphenyl)-2-methylindenyl) zirconium dimethyl/NCA

RUN NUMBER	Metallocene Catalyst System	Total Ethylene (wt %)	Ethylene in Rubber (wt%)	Total Rubber (wt %)	Final MFR (g/10 min.)	Melting Point (°C)	MW	MWD	IV of Copolymer
40	3B	-	-	-	DNA	156.63	821.6	1.98	-
41	3B	-	-	-	0.075	158.43	898.8		-
42	3B	-	-	-	14.7	159.1	202.3	2.30	-
43	3B	7.284	49.49	14.7	28.01	158.23	161.2	2.40	0.908
44	3B	11.13	55.59	20.0	12.3	157.83	180.8	2.29	1.073
45	3B	3.96	48.66	8.14	23.7	158.1	158.8	2.25	1.055

TABLE 9
racemic dimethylsilyladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-di-tertbutylphenyl)-2-methylindenyl) zirconium dimethyl/NCA

RUN #	Metallocene Catalyst System	Cat Amount (mg)	Temp. (°C)	Yield (g)	Efficiency (Kg/g cat)	C2= (delta psi)	H2 (delta psi)	Time (min.)
46	3C	50	70	166.5	3.3	-	50	60
47	3C	50	70	60.9	1.2	-	25	60
48	3C	50	70	153.4	3.1	-	60	60
49	3C	34	60	17.8	0.52	20	0	60
50	3C	35	60	89.1	2.5	20	20	60
51	3C	36	60	96.4	2.7	30	20	60
52	3C	36	60	84.9	2.4	50	20	60
53	3C	60	60	130.3	2.2	30	35	40
54	3C	51	70	138.6	2.7	-	60	60
55	3C	50	70	65.6	1.3	-	40	60
56	3C	50	70	117.6	2.4	-	55	60
57	3C	50	70	65.9	1.3	-	40	60
58	3C	150	70	252.4	1.68	-	40	55
59	3C	101	70	191.0	1.9	-	50	60
60	3C	50	70	133.0	2.7	-	55	60
61	3C	51	70	90.7	1.8	-	55	60
62	3C	62	60	92.7	1.5	30	10	60
63	3C	51	70	122.3	2.4	-	55	60
64	3C	102	70	229.6	2.3	-	55	60

TABLE 10
racemic dimethylsilyladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-di-tertbutylphenyl)-2-methylindenyl) zirconium dimethyl/NCA

RUN #	Metalocene Catalyst System	Total Ethylene (wt %)	Final MFR (g/10 min.)	Melting Point (°C)	MW	MWD
46	3C	-	12.53	157.03	187.7	2.33
47	3C	-	0.803	156.9	445.3	2.10
48	3C	-	109.65	157.5	109.1	2.46
49	3C	1.3	6.92	145.43	357.9	1.83
50	3C	1.4	17.01	145.1	203.7	2.04
51	3C	2.1	19.33	139.30	188.7	1.97
52	3C	3.0	27.96	133.63	162.9	1.76
53	3C	1.7	50.22	142.7	152.3	2.52
54	3C	-	486	158.23	79.9	2.84
55	3C	-	6.2	158.17	338.2	2.77
56	3C	-	66.37	157.77	133.7	2.60
57	3C	-	2.42	158.03	381.7	2.62
58	3C	-	5.38	158.3	344.6	2.60
59	3C	-	15.59	157.97	289.3	2.75
60	3C	-	76.4	158.23	125.0	2.14
61	3C	-	5.95	158.63	245.1	2.58
62	3C	1.0	5.93	140.57	277.0	1.83
63	3C	-	6.75	157.7	234.4	3.00
64	3C	-	6.3	157.43	240.2	2.52

TABLE 11
racemic[9-silafluorenebis(4-(3',5'-di-t-butylphenyl)-2-methylindenyl)zirconium dichloride/MAO

RUN #	Metalocene Catalyst System	Cat Amount (mg)	TEMP. (°C)	Yield (g)	Efficiency (Kg/g cat)	H2 (delta psi)	Time split (min.)	C ₂ =/C ₃ = flow rates (l/min.)
65	4	299	60	13.2	0.04	0	6	-
66	4	61	60	35.0	0.57	0	60	-
67	4	60	70	81.3	1.4	35	60	-
68	4	32	70	96.2	3.0	35	60/90	4.0/1.0
69	4	30	70	93.3	3.1	35	60/120	4.0/1.0
70	4	31	70	83.9	2.7	35	60/90	3.6/1.4
71	4	30	70	77.8	2.6	35	60/120	4.2/0.8

TABLE 12
racemic[9-silafluorenebis(4-(3',5'-di-t-butylphenyl)-2-methylindenyl)zirconium dichloride/MAO

RUN #	Metallocene Catalyst System	Total Ethylene (wt %)	Ethylene in Rubber (wt%)	Total rubber (wt %)	Final MFR (g/10 min.)	Melting Point (°C)	MW	MWD	IV of Copolymer
65	4	-	-	-	0.65	156.17	412	149.3	-
66	4	-	-	-	0.075	156.23	710.8	2.71	-
67	4	-	-	-	3.59	156.5	270.7	2.82	-
68	4	4.814	54.74	8.8	69.59	155.43	119.4	3.22	
69	4	6.624	49.55	13.4	9.84	156.5	200.0	3.56	
70	4	3.095	42.72	7.2	14.54	155.97	194.5	3.52	
71	4	7.691	54.36	14.1	10.61	157.17	207.1	3.50	

TABLE 13
racemic[9-silafluorenebis(4-(3',5'-di-t-butylphenyl)-2-isopropylindenyl)]zirconium dichloride/MAO

RUN #	Metalocene Catalyst System	Cat Amount (mg)	TEMP. (°C)	Yield (g)	Efficiency (Kg/g cat)	C2= (delta psi)	H2 (delta psi)	Time split (min.)	C ₂ =/C ₃ = flow rates (l/min.)
72	5	300	60	11.8	0.04	-	0	10	-
73	5	120	70	116.8	0.97	-	10	60	-
74	5	121	70	127.6	1.1	-	10	60/90	4.0/1.0
75	5	62	70	126.4	2.0	-	20	60	-
76	5	63	70	139.5	2.2	-	35	60	-
77	5	60	70	151.4	0.40	-	20	60/90	4.2/0.8
78	5	62	70	246.2	4.0	-	35	60/90	4.2/0.8
79	5	60	70	218.9	3.6	-	35	60/120	4.2/0.8
80	5	62	70	249.8	4.0	-	50	60	-
81	5	61	70	233.1	3.8	-	35	60/120	4.4/0.6
82	5	61	60	184.2	3.0	10	20	60	-
83	5	60	60	202.6	3.4	20	20	60	-
84	5	60	60	209.6	3.5	30	20	60	-
85	5	60	70	157.9	2.6	-	35	30/120	4.4/0.6
86	5	63	70	200.5	3.2	-	35	60	-
87	5	60	70	223.9	3.7	-	35	60/120	4.2/0.8
88	5	60	70	196.1	3.3	-	35	60/180	4.2/0.8

TABLE 14
racemic[9-silafluorenebis(4-(3',5'-di-t-butylphenyl)-2-isopropylindenyl]zirconium dichloride/MAO

RUN #	Metalocene Catalyst System	Total Ethylene (wt %)	Ethylene in Rubber (wt%)	Total rubber (wt %)	Final MFR (g/10 min.)	Melting Point (°C)	MW	MWD	IV of Copolymer
72	5	-	-	-	0.82	160.78	381.6	2.01	-
73	5	-	-	-	2.85	159.17	267.3	1.80	-
74	5	4.297	32.93	13.0	3.56	161.1	255.7	2.03	2.92
75	5	-	-	-	11.53	158.83	191.5	2.25	-
76	5	-	-	-	24.03	159.43	166.6	1.98	-
77	5	2.449	32.63	7.5	12.0	159.7	194.7	2.11	2.06
78	5	2.012	42.53	4.7	110.44	159.1	116.8	2.48	2.21
79	5	3.389	40.38	8.4	32.37	158.5	173.2	2.71	2.55
80	5	-	-	-	499.99	157.9	85.7	2.25	-
81	5	4.093	47.35	8.6	41.24	158.57	147.0	2.32	2.87
82	5	0.87	-	-	9.54	151.17	204.2	2.39	-
83	5	1.4	-	-	18.53	146.17	182.3	2.14	-
84	5	2.4	-	-	24.5	138.5	172.2	1.93	-
85	5	4.732	46.4	10.2	118.7	158.23	119.7	2.39	-
86	5	-	-	-	28.17	158.37	-	-	-
87	5	3.081	44.21	7.0	61.24	158.83	-	-	-
88	5	-	-	-	15.7	158.77	-	-	-

TABLE 15
dimethylsilyladiyl-bis-(2-methyl-4-(3',5'-di-methylphenyl)indenyl)zirconium dichloride/MAO

RUN #	Metallocene Catalyst System	TEMP. (°C)	Cat Amount (mg)	Yield (g)	Efficiency (Kg/g cat)	C2= (delta psi)	H2 (delta psi)	Time split (min.)	C2=C3= flow rates (l/min.)
89	6	60	45	72.7	1.6	0	0	60	-
90	6	60	45	111.9	2.5	5	0	60	-
91	6	60	47	155.6	3.3	10	0	60	-
92	6	60	46	204.9	4.5	20	0	60	-
93	6	60	45	244.5	5.4	35	0	60	-
94	6	70	30	251.2	8.4	-	35	60/90	4.0/1.0
95	6	70	30	236.8	7.9	-	35	60/90	3.6/1.4
96	6	70	32	259.5	8.7	-	35	60/90	4.2/0.8
97	6	70	33	249.4	7.6	-	35	60/90	4.4/0.6
98	6	70	33	186.8	5.7	-	35	60	-

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TABLE 16
dimethylsilyladiyl-bis-(2-methyl-4-(3',5'-di-methylphenyl)indenyl)zirconium dichloride/MAO

RUN #	Metalocene Catalyst System	Total Ethylene (wt %)	Ethylene in Rubber (wt%)	Total Rubber (wt %)	Final MFR (g/10 min.)	Melting Point (°C)	MW	MWD	IV of Copolymer
89	6	-	-	-	0.0245	150.9	937.7	2.10	-
90	6	-	-	-	0.17	148.3	671.3	2.15	-
91	6	0.18	-	-	0.59	145.03	463.6	2.01	-
92	6	1.1	-	-	2.68	140.9	303.8	1.89	-
93	6	1.8	-	-	3.98	135.43	255.7	1.74	-
94	6	8.11	49.7	16.3	4.54	152.57	281.1	3.51	0.866
95	6	5.34	40.32	13.2	6.25	151.97	284.5	3.57	0.861
96	6	9.98	58.47	17.1	7.07	152.43	220.4	3.00	1.420
97	6	14.42	61.66	23.4	19.43	152.1	179.4	2.57	1.091
98	6	-	-	-	1.79	151.30	327.9	1.98	-

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TABLE 17
dimethylsilyladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-bistrifluoromethylphenyl)-2-methyl-indenyl) zirconium dichloride/MAO

RUN #	Metallocene Catalyst System	TEAL Amount (mls)	Cat Amount (mg)	Yield (g)	Efficiency (Kg/g cat)	H2 (delta psi)	Time split (min.)	C ₂ =/C ₃ = flow rates (l/min.)
99	7	0.3	45	5.4	0.12	0	60	-
100	7	0.3	31	82.0	2.6	35	60	-
101	7	0.3	21	47.3	2.3	35	60	-
102	7	0.3	30	102.0	3.4	35	60/90	4.0/1.0
103	7	0.3	32	95.2	3.0	35	60/90	3.6/1.4
104	7	0.3	30	97.9	3.3	35	60/120	4.0/1.0
105	7	0.3	32	98.1	3.1	35	90/120	4.4/0.6
106	7	0.3	30	97.3	3.2	35	60/120	4.2/0.8
107	7	0.3	32	44.7	1.4	35	45/120	4.0/1.0
108	7	0.3	60	88.7	1.5	20	60/90	4.0/1.0
109	7	0.3	61	110.8	1.8	20	60/90	3.6/1.4
110	7	0.3	61	134.0	2.2	20	60/90	4.2/0.8
111	7	0.3	61	134.2	2.2	20	60/90	4.2/0.8

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TABLE 18
dimethylsilyladiyl-bis-(4-(3',5'-bistrifluoromethylphenyl)-2-methyl-indenyl) zirconium dichloride/MAO

RUN #	Metalocene Catalyst System	Total Ethylene (wt %)	Ethylene in Rubber (wt%)	Total rubber (wt %)	Final MFR (g/10 min.)	Melting Point (°C)	MW	MWD	IV of Copolymer
99	7	-	-	-	-	154.5	606.8*	3.32	-
100	7	-	-	-	31.06	155.23	159.9	3.99	-
101	7	-	-	-	28.75	156.5 minor	172.8	3.74	-
						142.98			
102	7	5.829	52.53	11.1	341.43	154.3	87.4	3.75	1.45
103	7	3.784	44.54	8.5	185.49	154.83	101.8	3.97	0.74
104	7	9.308	52.05	17.9	102.01, 93.56	154.7	110.8	3.17	0.80
105	7	13.09	61.09	21.4	134.68, 127.37	154.5	100.0	3.22	1.03
106	7	15.59	55.49	28.0	36.04, 32.5	155.23	148.8	3.40	0.89
107	7	9.271	51.57	18.0	356.35, 348.24	154.3	78.9	3.60	0.77
108	7	-	-	-	4.08, 5.64	155.43	285.0	2.93	-
109	7	11.75	50.58	23.2	17.27, 18.28	154.57	219.5	4.26	0.79
110	7	11.75	40.45	29.0	35.6	154.70	202.9	4.69	0.78
111	7	14.84	55.87	26.6	14.8	154.70	204.2	4.24	0.84

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TABLE 19
dimethylsiladiylbis(4-(3',5'-bis-trimethylsilyl-phenyl)-2-methylindenyl) zirconium dichloride/MAO

RUN #	Metallocene Catalyst System	Cat Amount (mg)	TEMP (°C)	Yield (g)	Efficiency (Kg/g cat)	H2 (delta psi)	Time split (min.)	C ₂ =/C ₃ = flow rates (l/min.)
112	8	60	60	40.8	0.68	0	60	-
113	8	31	70	107.3	3.5	35	60	-
114	8	30	70	123.6	4.1	35	60/90	4.0/1.0
115	8	30	70	112.2	3.7	35	60/90	3.6/1.4
116	8	30	70	123.8	4.1	35	60/90	4.4/0.6

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TABLE 20
dimethylsiladiylbis(4-(3',5'-bis-trimethylsilyl-phenyl)-2-methylindenyl) zirconium dichloride/MAO

RUN #	Metallocene Catalyst System	Total Ethylene (wt %)	Ethylene in Rubber (wt%)	Total Rubber (wt %)	Final MFR (g/10 min.)	Melting Point (°C)	MW	MWD	IV of Copolymer
112	8	-	-	-	0.13	155.3	594.2	1.92	-
113	8	-	-	-	3.59	155.77	269.8	2.19	-
114	8	4.148	44.34	9.4	61.05	156.1	128.1	2.79	
115	8	4.069	24.09	16.9	19.73	156.97	171.4	3.00	
116	8	6.852	52.48	13.1	12.82	156.5	155.6	3.71	

TABLE 21
dimethylsilyladiylbis[4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindenyl]zirconium dichloride/MAO

RUN #	Metallocene Catalyst System	Cat Amount (mg)	Temp. (°C)	Yield (g)	Efficiency (Kg/g cat)	H2 (delta psi)	Time split (min.)	C ₂ =/C ₃ = flow rates (l/min.)
117	9	304	60	16.6	0.05	0	60	-
118	9	300	70	47.5	0.16	5	20	-
119	9	60	70	25.5	0.43	5	60	-
120	9	121	70	63.0	0.52	5	60	-
121	9	120	70	79.4	0.66	5	60/90	4.0/1.0
122	9	122	70	99.1	0.81	5	60/90	4.1/0.9
123	9	123	70	71.2	0.57	5	60/90	3.6/1.4
124	9	120	70	95.2	0.79	5	60/120	4.0/1.0
125	9	121	70	143.7	1.2	10	60/90	4.0/1.0
126	9	124	70	167.6	1.4	10	60/90	4.2/0.8
127	9	120	70	101.5	0.85	10	60	-
128	9	121	70	121.2	1.0	10	60/90	4.4/0.6
129	9	121	70	167.6	1.4	20	60	-
130	9	124	70	259.3	2.1	35	60	-
131	9	30	70	99.3	3.31	35	60/90	4.0/1.0
132	9	33	70	80.3	2.4	35	60	-

TABLE 22
dimethylsilyladiylbis[4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindenyl]zirconium dichloride/MAO

RUN #	Metallocene Catalyst System	Notebook (21810-)	Total Ethylene (wt %)	Ethylene in Rubber (wt%)	Total rubber (wt %)	Final MFR (g/10 min.)	Melting Point (°C)	MW	MWD	IV of Copolymer
117	9	077	-	-	-	25.61	154.5	167.1	39.73	-
118	9	078	-	-	-	175.39	151.97	129.2	4.86	-
119	9	079	-	-	-	87.33	152.03	134.5	3.39	-
120	9	080	-	-	-	76.55	151.83	138.5	2.20	-
121	9	081	8.199	39.92	20.5	14.16	153.43	213.6	3.05	2.833
122	9	082	7.068	42.81	16.5	15.43	152.03	196.3	3.01	2.505
123	9	083	8.294	26.52	31.3	4.92	152.77	248.0	3.28	2.662
124	9	084	15.85	39.17	40.5	0.479	153.23	306.7	4.14	3.667
125	9	086	7.521	37.72	19.9	27.72	153.03	204.7	3.61	2.202
126	9	087	10.02	44.73	22.4	5.8	152.63	235.8	3.58	3.508
127	9	089	-	-	-	75.86	151.03	135.8	2.30	-
128	9	097	21.21	56.17	37.8	0.53	152.10	280.9	3.84	3.356
129	9	104	-	-	-	84.22	151.83	136.1	2.31	-
130	9	105	-	-	-	511.36	150.17	88.7	2.47	-
131	9	106	2.133	44.04	4.84	824.95	150.17	83.6	2.95	1.29
132	9	107	-	-	-	906.0	150.30	82.9	2.65	-

TABLE 23
[9-silafluorenebis(4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene]zirconium dichloride/MAO

RUN #	Metallocene Catalyst System	TEMP. (°C)	Cat Amount (mg)	Yield (g)	Efficiency (Kg/g cat)	H2 (delta psi)	Time (min.)
133	10	60	302	6.0	0.02	0	60
134	10	70	121	18.4	0.15	10	60

TABLE 24
[9-silafluorenebis(4-(3',5'-dimethylphenyl)-2-isopropylindene]zirconium dichloride/MAO

RUN #	Metallocene Catalyst System	Final MFR (g/10 min.)	Melting Point (°C)	MW	MWD
133	10	-	150.9, minor 156.52	467.6	4.98
134	10	32.07	156.5	104.8	2.71

While the present invention has been described and illustrated by reference to particular embodiments, it will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art, that the invention lends itself to many different variations not illustrated herein. For these reasons, then, reference should be made solely to the appended claims for purposes of determining the true scope of the present invention.

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